LOUISVILLE, KY.. WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 5, 1865.

CALVERT, CIVILL & CO., PUBLISHERS. OFFICE --- PRESS BUILDING,

NO. 826, Jefferson Street.

We will send ONE EXTRA COPY with every CLUB OF TEN, TWO EXTRA COPIES with a CLUB OF TWENTY.

### SPECIAL NOTICE. ALL LETTERS relating to Subscriptions, Advertise-

nents, or other business with the paper, should be ad-ressed to "The Union Press, No. 326 Jefferson street ouisville, Ky." TO CORRESPONDENTS. Communications for the paper should be address The Editor of the Union Press, Louisville, Ky."

Care should be taken to write on only one side of the to notice will be taken of Anonymous communication Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenti-usted by the name and address of the writer—not neces arily for publication, but as a guaranty of his good faith.

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### 15 rom London Society 1 Noel Rashleigh's Wedding.

[CONCLUDED FROM YESTERDAY,1
"And, indeed, I don't think it likely they
will come."
Noel smiled. "They will come. The
vicar has made it known that he is to be here, and everybody likes to meet him. Besides—don't look so disconsolate, little man-they will be curious to know what

woman—they will be curious to know what whim has struck the Rashleighs now."
Gertrude did look disconsolate; there was no denying the fact. Again she heard the tapping of the high-heeled boots, and saw those hard, pale eyes meeting her own in their survey of her work; and she shuddered. No one had ever told her why Mrs. Haye went out of church that morning. Gertrude herself suggested illness; but she knew, and George Chester knew, that among the many thoughts and ideas conamong the many thoughts and ideas con-tained in Mrs. Haye's strong-minded bon-net, illness did not figure. The storm had broken out, and the curate knew that the parish was like a beehive when a wasp has got into it. But what was to be done? George suggested that the decorations should be quietly taken down; and his stster, stung into callousness, said it was no matter whether they came down or not; wished she had never seen them, wished she had never gone after those horwished she had never gone after those nor-rible mushrooms, or met Mr. Frankton, who directed her to the holly-bush. For, to her utter dismay and wretchedness, Ger-trude conceived the idea that Noel was hopelessly angy with her. There was a change in his manner which she did not inderstand. He seemed to be so gravely olicitous and tender over her, at a distance, as though she were under a ban, and he itied her. That he who did so shrink from servation of any kind, who was so singularly reticent and nervous, should be brought into such public bad odor, and through her means! This was the way she performed her wifely duties! This was be-

these decorations. The only objection I have heard came from Mrs. Haye, and it is that the flowers distract her attention from her prayers."
"Distract!" broke out Gertrude. "If any

ood wife to him!

one is distracted I should be. Tell her to take those red grapes out of her bonnet then. Why does she bring those to church to distract people? Who ever heard of red

But upon the proposal to remove the decorations the vicar quietly put his veto. Not they should remain up until the proper time for removing them. Let Mrs. Rasheigh be patient; he thought he saw a way out of the difficulty. And so after the decorations had been down almost long enough to be fewretten, and the forment had subto be forgotten, and the ferment had sub-sided a little, the vicar opened his project to Noel Rashleigh, whose co-operation he

"I would willingly do this myself," concluded the vicar; "but it will come better from you, and be more likely to effect the desired end. You despise these trivialities, and dislike them; I cannot think it admirable that you cheek a company to the control of th able that you should do so. Depend upon it, nothing tends so much to foster real kind ling and good will as the interchange of these small civilities and courtesies of ordi-

And the project was successful. That is to say, Mr. Rashleigh was right as to the acceptance of the invitations. Many reaacceptance of the invitations. Many reasons combined to render it improbable that any of those invited guests wou'd be defaulters; neither were they. The Lisles and the Franktons, the Sm.ths, the Richardsons, and the Joneses, the village doctor and his little sister, and last, but not least, Mrs. Rodington Haye, When that strange assembly sat down to his table, Noel, acting host by his own will and deed, knew that if the thoughts of all could be knew that if the thoughts of all could be collected and brought to light, the wonderful medley would be strongly tinctured with emnity towards himself and his wife.

"My fault," thought Noel.

And as he glanced towards Gertrude, and we the poinful efforts the west realized to

saw the painful efforts she was making to keep down the nervous tremors that would rise up to threaten her, down went that sting again straight into his heart to worry

There was about the whole scene an element of anticipation, of which every one in his or her secret heart was con-scious, without understanding it; and to no one present was it more perceptible than to Gertrude, whose seat was anything but a seat of roses, in spite of the reassur-ing presence of the kindly vicar at her right

All at once-Gertrude could never tell how it came about—the guests, the table, the room itself, had become one giddy mass before her, and the vicar was making a speech. A portion of that speech will be sufficient to quote.

It was not the first time, he said, that it had been his pleasant duty to express something of a feeling, the source of which must naturally be to him one of perpetual and grateful satisfaction. He meant his deep sense of the unvarying kindnees and good will which, from the first day of his coming amongst them until now be keeped. coming amongst them until now, he had experienced from the whole body of his parishioners. His friends whom

was about to ask from his friends. (Sen-

sation.)

It would be out of place here, he thought, to eulogize or expatiate upon the revival of a more tasteful, thoughtful, and reverent style of church decoration for the festivals. His poor old clerk was, like himself, almost worn out and wholly helders in such materials. worn out and wholly helpless in such mat-ters. The gimlet hole and the bush would be the utmost effect producible by their

DAILY UNION PRESS.

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Taxonity " self could not promise to help, for he had no taste; but he could look on and admire. A few words as to their host and hostess. He felt a sure hope that he was simply ex-pressing a general sentiment in offering to both the sincere and hearty congratulations both the sincere and hearty congratulations of all present upon their marriage, a cordial welcome to Mrs. Noel Rashleigh, though they had made her, like a junior boy at his school, a fag on her first arrival; an earnest wish that, as a stranger coming amongst them, she would not find them wanting in that genial sympathy and kindly feeling which should draw all Christians, and especially fellow-parishioners, closely together. He begged to propose the health of Mrs. Noel Rashleigh, his new parishioner.

parishioner.

In the confusion of all that followed Gertude had a dim, amazing consciousness of the enthusiasm with which this speech was received; of the re-actionary advances towards herself; of being made in this re-action a sort of heroine; of wanting to any and being torrified less than

ing to cry, and being terrified lest she should be unable to control herself; of a strange desire to do something great for the vicar; to go to Noel, ask him if he was angry now; but Noel was so busy amongst the guests, so unlike himself, so talkative, the table could not help following him with that she could not help following him with her eyes, though it was impossible to get

near him.
"I knew if anybody could make peace it would be the vicar," whispered George.
"I never heard a better, more tactful speech in my life. I shall the reap the benefit of it cay well as you."

it as well as you."
Gertrude scarcely heard him. She could Gertrude scarcely heard him. She could not realize the extent of the re-action which the vicar's speech had produced. Of course the hearers agreed with him. It was their place to take up a stranger just coming into the parish, and welcome her and—patronize her. They had not exactly done this, in fact, they had been rather hard upon her. But it was not too late yet; they could make up for it. And really she was could make up for it. And really she was very pleasant, and so was Mr. Rashleigh; they could not help acknowledging that a little prejudice had been at work.

And the remainder of that day was like

a perplexed dream to Gertrude. Her chief thought was Noel, and she could not even speak to him; she even fancied that he purposely avoided her. If the people would

only go! She was conscious that all the conversation turned upon the new subject of church decorations; that enthusiasm about it had sprung up so suddenly as to be quite in-comprehensible to her; that she was ques-tioned; her books on decoration were brought out and borrowed; the pattern of her alphabet asked for. And everybody was so cordial that she wondered how she could ever have called them stiff. More wonderful than all, she gathered that in the projected Easter decorations Mrs. Rodington Haye was taking a prominent part; and a murmur in that lady's voice reached Gertrude that "she thought wreaths very pretty indeed, and crosses admissible; but when it came to flowers she was not so sure "— Even this was said in a mollified, yield-ing tone, which Gertrude had never heard from the poker woman before.

And then they were all gone, and she was "It is all so very small and trivial," said alone with her husband in the deserted drawing room, standing before him more something else, Gertrude, something besides

And suddenly he had put out his arm and drawn her to him, and he was kissing her forehead like he used to do before all this misery occurred.

"Oh, Noel, Noel, I thought you were angry with me! This dreadful party—that you dislike so much—I brought it all upon

"Not angry with you," replied Noel, but with myself. My poor little girl, I have been a bad, unkind husband to you."

"Yes. Well, you can creep as close as

you like, and you can put your hand on my mouth if you like. I shall only kiss it, and it won't stop me. Gertrude, shall we let bygones be bygones? I have thought a great deal since Christmas; and I see that I have been cruel and careless. Look here: That ugly door, which I dare say you hate— I hope you do; you must if you love me-"Don't be vexed, Neel; I do hate it."

"That is satisfactory. Well then, that door is your natural enemy and mine. You shall keep the key, and let me have it for two hours daily. And you won't keep secrets from me again?"

"Never."
"We will begin afresh. The other day I was wishing I could turn back in reality; but you see bought experience is worth all the admonition in the world; and I understand a speech of your aunt's now that I thought great nonsense when she made it."
"Ah, Aunt Jean. Now I may ask her to

stay with us?"
"As many Aunt Jeans as you like, provided they don't interfere too much between you and me." It is a wonderful thing, but I feel like a man who has been asleep and I'm sadly afraid the elements of jeal nsy are in me, and only want developing.'
"I like you to be jealous—about me,"
"And, Gertrude"—

"And, Gertrude"—
"Yes, Noel."
"We will have the pony-carriage, The only difference shall be that I will be driver instead of Joseph. Will that please you?"
"After all," said Gertrude, "what a good thing it was that I didn't know the right time of year for mushrooms!"

# OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES Passed at the Second Session of the Thirty-Eighth Congress.

[Public-No. 51.] An Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the government for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and additional appropriations for the current fiscal year.

sixty-six, and additional appropriations for the current fiscal year.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, namely:

coming amongst them until now, he had experienced from the whole body of his parishioners. His friends whom he saw around him would readily understand that this kind feeling and sympathy had smoothed many a difficulty in his path, and added its charm to many a duty which would have been but bare duty without it. He wished them all to know his grateful appreciation of their kindness, and his satisfaction in the consciousness that his ministrations had been happily unfettered by those sad parish discords which are so disheartening a stumbling-block in the way of many a hard-worked clergyman. He did not attempt to conceal that these heartfelt acknowledgements were but the prelude to a further favor which he

sand eight hundred and fifty dollars; two messengers, at one thousand seven hundred dollars; seven hundred dollars; two mail-carrier, one thousand four hundred and mail-carrier, one thousand five hundred dollars; two mail-carrier, one thousand four hundred and fifty dollars; two mail boys, at one thousand dollars; two mail-carrier, one thousand four hundred and fifty dollars; two mail boys, at one thousand dollars; two mail boys, at one thousand dollars each; superintendent of the document room, at one thousand two hundred dollars; two messengers, at one thousand five hundred dollars; two mails two hundred dollars; two messengers, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; seventeen messengers, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; seventeen messengers, at one thousand five hundred dollars; two messengers, at one thousand five hundred dollars; two messengers, at one thousand seven hundred dollars; two messengers, at one thousand five hundred and fifty dollars; elerk to the Committee on Finance, one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Italians, one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Finance, one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars; elerk to the Committee on Finance, one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars; superintendent of the senate, seven hundred dollars; assistant in charge of private passages, seven hundred and twenty dollars; leaved the hundred dollars; two large of the furnaces, one thousand two hundred dollars; assistant in charge of private passages, seven hundred and fifty dollars; to the Committee on Finance, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

For ithousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; two factories are the proper to the United States, five thousand tollars, two factories are the proper to the United States, five thousand tollars.

For contingent expenses of his office, viz.

For or ment for the Goulars, two factories and fourteen dollars, and then thereof to be expenses, thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Senate, viz For stationery, seventeen thousand dol-

For newspapers, three thousand dollars. For Congressional Globe, thirty-five thou-and dollars.

sand dollars.
For reporting proceedings in the Daily Globe for the first session of the thirty-ninth Congress, twenty thousand dollars.
For paying the publishers of the Congressional Globe and Appendix, according to the number of copies taken, one cent for every five pages exceeding three thousand, including the indexes and the laws of the United States, twelve thousand nine hundred dollars. dred dollars.

dred dollars.

For one complete set of the Congressional Globe and Appendix for each senator in the thirty-ninth Congress who has not already received them, six thousand eight hundred dollars; Provided, however, That any senator who has already as a member of the House of Representatives received a portion of a set of the Congressional Globe, shall only be entitled to receive as such senator the additional volumes required to complete one full set. plete one full set.

For the usual additional compensation to the reporters of the Senate for the Congressional Globe for reporting the proceedings of the Senate for the Senate for the first reg-ular session of the thirty-ninth Congress eight hundred dollars each, four thousand dollars.

For clerks to committees, pages, horses

and carryalls, eighteen thousand dollars.

For Capitol police, nineteen thousand one hundred and seventy dollars. For expenses of heating and ventilating apparatus, sixteen thousand dollars. For miscellaneous items, thirty thousand

For compensation and mileage of members of the House of Representatives and delegates from Territories, three hundred thousand dollars.

For compensation of the officers, clerks messengers, and others receiving an annual salary in the service of the House of Representatives, viz: Clerk of the House of Representatives, three thousand six hundred dollars; chief clerk and one assistant clerk, dollars; chief clerk and one assistant clerk, at two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars each; eleven clerks at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; principal messenger in the office, at four dollars and eighty cents per day, one thousand seven hundred and fifty-two dollars; three messengers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; messenger to the Speaker, at four dollars and eighty couts per day, one thousand seven hundred and fifty-two dollars; clerk to the Committee of Ways and Means clerk to the Committee of Ways and Means clerk to the Committee of Ways and Means, two thousand one hund ed and sixty dol-lars; clerk to the Committee of Claims, one thousand eight hundred dollars; clerk to the Committee on Public Lands, one thou-sand eight hundred dollars; sergeant-at-arms, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; clerk to the sergeant-at-arms, one thousand eight hundred dollars; messen ger to the sergeant-at-arms, one thousand two hundred dollars; postmaster, two thou-sand one hundred and sixty dollars; assistant postmaster, one thousand seven hun-dred and forty dollars; four messengers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dolone thousand four hundred and forty dol-lars each; two mail boys, at nine hundred dollars each; capitol police, nineteen thou-sand one hundred and seventy dollars; door-keeper, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; superintendent of the folding room, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two messengers, at one thousand seven hundred and fifty-two dollars each; one messengers at one thousand seach; one messenger, at one thousand seven hundred and forty dollars; five messengers, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; six messengers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; twelve messengers, to be employed during the session of Congress, at the rate of one thousand two hundred dollars each per annum; chaplain to the House of Representatives, seven hundred and fifty dollars, making one hundred and nine thousand, four hundred and property. one hundred and nine thousand four hundred and twenty-eight dollars.

For contingent expenses of the House of epresentatives, viz: For cartage, two thousand dollars.

For twenty-four copies of the Congressional Globe and Appendix for each member and delegate of the first regular session of the thirty-ninth Congress, and one hundred copies of the same for the House Li brary, twenty-nine thousand four hundred For the compensation of clerks to com-

mittees, and temporary clerks to committees, and temporary clerks in the office of the Clerk of the House of Representatives, eighteen thousand five hundred and seventy-six dollars.

For paying the publishers of the Congressional Globe and Appendix, according to the number of copies taken, one cent for every five pages exceeding three thousand including the indexes and the laws of the United States, ten thousand nine hundred United States, ten thousand nine hundred

For one complete set of the Congression al Globe and Appendix for each represen-tative and delegate in the first session of the thirty-ninth Congress who has not al-ready received the same, twenty-three thou-

ready received the same, twenty-three thousand dollars.
For folding documents, including materials, thirty thousand dollars.
For fuel and lights, pay of engineers, firemen, and laborers, repairs, and materials, fifteen thousand dollars.
For furniture, repairs, and packing boxes for members, ten thousand dollars.
For horses gerriegge, and caddle boxes.

For horses, carriages, and saddle horses, nine thousand dollars.

ers, ten thousand eight hundred dollars.
For contingent expenses of said library, two thousand dollars.
For purchase of books for said library, eight thousand dollars.
For purchase of law books for said library, two thousand dollars.
For an enlargement of the Library of Congress, so as to include two wings, built fire-proof, the space at either end of the present library, measuring about eighty present library, measuring about eighty feet feet in length by thirty feet in width, in accordance with a plan to be approved by the Committee on the Library, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

of the Interior.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

For salaries of five judges of the Court of Claims, the solicitor, assistant solicitor, deputy solicitor, clerks and assistant clerk, bailiff, and messenger thereof, thirty-six thousand three hundred dollars.

For stationery, books, fuel, lights, laborers' hire, and other contingent and miscellaneous expenses, three thousand dollars.

For compensation of attorneys to attend to taking testimony, witnesses, and commissioners, one thousand dollars.

EXECUTIVE. For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dol-

lars.
For compensation of the Vice-President of the United States, eight thousand dol-For compensation of secretary to sign pa-

tents for public lands, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the private secretary, steward, and messenger of the President of the United States, four thousand six hundred dellars. dred dollars. For contingent expenses of the Executive office, including stationery therefor, two thousand dollars.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE. For compensation of the Secretary of State and Assistant Secretary of State, chief clerk, superintendent of statistics, clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborers in his office, fifty-eight thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars. FOR THE INCIDENTAL AND CONTINGENT

EXPENSES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE. For publishing the laws in pamphlet form and in newspapers of the States and Territories, and in the city of Washington, seventeen thousand one hundred and twenty-

five dollars.

For proof-reading, and packing the laws and documents for the various legations and consulates, including boxes and transportation of the same, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For stationery, blank books, binding, furniture, fixtures, and repairs, five thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, two thousand five hundred dollars. For copper-plate printing, books, and maps, five thousand dollars.

For extra clerk hire and copying, ten thousand dollars.

For compensation of four watchmen and

two laborers of the northeast executive building, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars. For contingent expenses of said building, viz: for fuel, light, repairs, and miscellaneous expenses, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For the payment of the first annual installment of the proportion contributed by the United States toward the capitalization of the Scheldt dues,—to fulfill the stipulations contained in the fourth article of the Convention between the United States and Belgium, of the twentieth of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, the sum of fifty-five thousand five hundred and eighty-four dollars, in coin, and such further sum as may be necessary to carry out the stipula-tion of the convention providing for the payment of interest on the said sum and on he portion of the principal remaining un

TREASURY DEPARTMENT. TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

For the compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, two Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury, chief clerk, supervising architect and assistant architect, clerks, messengers, assistant messenger, and laborers, one hundred and eighteen thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

hundred and eighteen thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of the First Comptroller, chief clerk, and the clers, messenger and laborers in his office, forty-three thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation of the Second Comptroller, chief clerk, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborer in his office, including three clerks of class four, three clerks of class three, three clerks of three clerks of class three, three clerks of class two, three clerks of class one, twelve clerks at an annual salary of seven hundred and twenty dollars each, and one laborer at an annual salary of seven hundred and twenty dollars, who are hereby authorized to be appointed, one hundred and twenty dollars.

dollars.

For compensation of the First Auditor, chief clerk, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger, and laborer in his office, forty-eight thousand three hundred and sixty dollars.

For compensation of the Second Auditor.

For compensation of the Second Auditor, chief clerk, and the clerks, messenger, assistant messenger and laborers in his office, including three clerks of class four, twenty clerks of class three, forty clerks of class two, seventy of class one, one assistant messenger at eight hundred and torty dollars per annum, and three laborers at seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum, each, who are hereby authorized to be appointed, five hundred and eighteen thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars.

sand, seven hundred and twenty dol For horses, carriages, and saddle horses, nine thousand dollars.
For laborers, eight thousand four hundred dollars.
For miscellaneous items, thirty thousand dollars.
For mewspapers, one thousand dollars.
For pages and temporary mail boys, ten thousand and eighty dollars.
For reporting and publishing proceedings in the Daily Globe; at seven dollars and fifty cents per column, twenty thousand dollars.
For stationery, twelve thousand dollars.
For stationery, twelve thousand dollars.
For the usual additional compensation to the reporters of the House for the Congressional Globe for reporting the proceedings of the House for the first regular session of the thirty-ninth Congress, eight hundred dollars acach, four thousand eight hundred dollars.
For completing the tiling of the floor of the doll Hall of Representatives, under the same authority that the work has already been done, three thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

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PUBLIC PRINTING.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

For compensation of the Third Auditor, chief clerk, and the clerks, messengers, as-sistant messengers, and laborers in his office, one hundred and sixty dollars.
For compensation of the Fifth Auditor, chief clerk, and the clerks, messenger, and laborer in his office, one hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation of the Auditor, chief clerk, and the clerks, messenger, and laborer in his office, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Fourth Auditor, chief clerk, and the clerks, messenger, and laborer in his office, one hundred and sixty dollars.

For compensation of the Poultion of the Treasure of the United States, Assistant Treasurer, chashier, assistant cashier, chiefs of division, kook-keepers, tellers, assistant messenger, assistant messenger, and the clerks, messenger, and laborers in his office, one hundred and sixty dollars.

For compensation of the Auditor, chief clerk, and the clerks, messenger, and laborer in his office, one hundred and sixty dollars.

For compensation For compensation of the Third Auditor

AUCTION SALES.

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Terms of sale of dwelling and lot, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest and lien. Terms of sale of forniture cash.

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Seed;

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U. S. 7-30 LOAN. THE PLANTERS' NATIONAL BANK HAVING Leen appointed an agent to receive subscriptions to this, the only LOAN now offered by the Government, is prepared to receive subscriptions from parties wishing to invest, and recommend it to ALL PERSONS desiring a pe

nament and safe investment.

The notes are payable on the 15th of August, 1867, and bear interest at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent. per annum, convertable at maturity, at the option of the holder, in the popular 5 266 per cent. gold bonds, and are exempt from State and municipal taxation.

J. M. DUNCAN, President. Planters' National Bank OF LOUISVILLE.

J. F. SPEED. V. P. ARMSTRONG, LOUIS REHM. J. M. DUNCAN, WM. HUGHES, THIS BANK WILL OPEN THIS MORNING IN THE Peoples' Bank Building, Hamilton Rick, Sixth street, near Main, for the purpose of transacting a general Banking, Exchange and Collecting Business.

Particular and prompt attention wile be given to collections.

J. M. DUNCAN, President J. M. DUNCAN, President J. W. BATCHELOR; Ca h.

# PAPER WAREHOUSE.

A. V. DUPONT & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale DEALERS IN PAPER. Highest Market Price Paid for Rags.

10.000 Reams Assorted Wrap-

500 Reams Straw Boards; 550 Gross Bonnet Boards; 100 Cases Assorted Letter Paper; 1,000 Reams Manilla Paper;

2,000,000 Envelopes Assorted.

ping Paper;

## A. V. DUPONT & CO., 9 Main stree CIRCULAR.

HEAD-QUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF KENTUCKY, Louisville, Kr., March 28, 1865.
Circular No. 1.—Under authority granted from the War Department you are authorized to issue subsistence to the wyes and families of the soldiers of the United States when the condition of the supplies at your station will justify such issue, and the circumstances of applicants seem to render it necessary for the Government to give them assistance. hem assistance. lst. Each ration to be issued under this authority sha

sent.

24. So far as practicable, applications will be filed on the lat of every month, and an officer will be charged with the sp cial duty of investigating and reporting upon the claims of applicants.

3d. The Commanding Officer will countersign the returns, and will be held responsible for the justness and propriety of the issue, which for convenience, should generally embrace the entire month and be made from the 3d to the 8th. the 8th,
4th, The Commissary of Subsistence making the Issue
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NOTICE.

To the Citizens of the Sixth Ward. To the Citizens of the SYA MEETING OF the Citizens of Lonisvile, held in the Court House has Friday Evening, one of the committee to collect sub-last Friday in the Syam of the committee to collect sub-last Friday in the Syam of Messars, W. B. Bolking & Co., northest corner of Messars, W. B. Bolking & Co., northest corne

JAVA COFFEE—
10 bags choice old Government Java Coffee.
20 Sale, by A. H. & W. O GARDNER.
21 Sale, by Main street

## PROPOSALS.

TO BUILDERS. SEALED PROPOSALS FOR THE ERECTION OF A Music Hall in New Albany, Ind, will be received by undersigned at the law office of Messrs, Smith & Kerr, in New Albany, until Friday, at 12 o'clock, April 7, 1855. Bids will be received for each branch of the mechanical work and materials separately, and also in aggregate for the entire building. the entire building.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the above named
Office of Me. srs. Smith & Kerr until Friday, April 7, 1865.
STANCLIFF & VODGES,
Architects.

NO. 294

CENERAL ORDERS. WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S Office, Washington, March 24, 1865.
General Orders No. 48.—Jeffersonville and New Albany, in the State of Indiana, are annexed to the Department of Kentucky.

By coring the

of the Secretary of War.

E. D. Townsend, Ass't Adj't Gen.

E. B. HARLAN, Capt. and A. A. G. HEAD-QUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF KENTUCKY, By command of Major General PALMER.

Official: E. B. HARLAN, Capt. and A. A. G.

### CIRCULAR.

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, Adjutant General's Office, Frankfort, March 20, 1885. Ut cular No.1.—The following section of an act of Congress, approved March 2d, 1865, is published for the information and guidance of all cencerned:

State of the control of the crime of desertion from the military or naval service and persons who have deserted the military or naval service proceedings of the crime of desertion from the military or naval service of the crime of desertion from the military or naval service of the crime proclamation hereinafter mentioned, shall be deemed proclamation hereinafter mentioned, shall be deemed from taken to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited shall taken to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited shall make to distinct the control of the crime of exercising any rights of citizens thereof; and all persons who shall hereafter desert the military or naval service, and all persons who, being duly enrolled, shall depart the jurisdiction of the district in which he is enrolled, or go beyond the limits of the United States, with intent to avoid any draft into the military or naval service, and any draft into the military or naval service, and any draft into the military or service, and all persons who, being duly enrolled, shall be inhele to the persons of this section, in which proclamation the President is requested to notify all deserters returning within sixty days as aforesa, and their regiments and companies, or to such other organ, zations as they may be assigned to, until they shall have served for a period of time equal to their original term of

enlistment.

As required by the above section, the President has issued his proclamation of date March lith, 1865, requiring slid deserters to return to their proper posts, and not; ying them that all such as shall, on or before the loth day of May, 1865, return to service, or report themselves to a Provost Marshal, shall be pardoned on condition that they serve the remainder of their original term of enlistment, and, in addition thereto, a period equal to the time lost by desertion.

### By order of the Governor. D. W. LINDSEY, Adjutant General of Kentucky. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

U. S. Marshal's Sale. DY VIRTUE OF VENDI EXPONAS NO. 188, ISSUED from the District Court of United State for the Kentucky District, the undersigned will offer for sale at the Custom House in the city of Louisville, on THU RSDAY, THE 67H DAY OF APRIL next, 30 barrels No. 1 whisky. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. Terms cash.

W. A. MERRIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D. mar23-td

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, No. 273 DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY: SS.

United States or allow.

Thos. B. Scott, &c.

WHEREAS, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the first day of April, A. D. 1865, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, in behalf of the United States of America, alling in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 18th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 18th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 18th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 18th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 18th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 18th I give in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 18th I give in substance the 18 li giug in substance that Thomas B. Scott, since the 17th day of July, 1862, has done the acts and committed the offenses denounced by the 5th and 6th sections of the act of Congress, approved 17th July, 1862, entitled, "An act to suppress insurrection, to punish treason and rebellion to seize and confiscate the property of 18th said Thomas B. Scott, at the time that he did said acts and committed said offenses, owned the property following, viz: Twenty-two hundred and fitty dollars, with interest thereon, the amount due ihomas B. Scott by Andrew J. Watts, in the hands of said Watts, evidenced by three notes for seven hundred and fifty dollars each, dated March, 1898, and payable July 1st, 1860, July 1st, 1861 and July 1st, 1862. And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as altoresaid.

same, that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aloresaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the scal of said Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any neanner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next June term, the fifth day of June, A. D., 1885, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

JOSHUA TEVIS, U. S. Attorney.

Dated: April 1, 1865.

ap-dlowet

Joshua Trvis, U. S. Attorney.

Dated: April 1, 1865.

UNITED STAPES OF AMERICA, No. 272

District of Keryucky.

SS.

WHEREAS, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the first day of April, A. D. 1855, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes herein, in behalf of the United States against twenty-six hundred and eight dollars in gold coin, alleging in substance that said goods and articles were seized on land in the District of Kentucky on the 29th lay of March, A. D., 1865, as forfeited to the United States of the United States of the United States of the State of Kentucky to the State of Tennessee, in violation of the Act of Coagress and the proclamation of the President of the United States interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens and inhabitants of the rest of Tennessee and the citizens and inhabitants of the rest of the United States, and against the regulations of the Treasury Department of the United States. And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the he same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as foresaid. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the cal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do here y give public notice to all persons claim.ng said articles or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next June term, the fifth day of June, A. D. 205, thou and there to interpose their claims and to make heir allegations in that behalf.

JOSHUA TEVIS, U. S. Attorney.

Dated: April 1, 1865.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
JOSHUA TEVIS, U. S. Attorney.
Dated: April 1, 1865.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, No. 270
DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY: J. SS.
WHEREAS, an information has been filed in the District of Kentucky, on the 17th day of March, A. D.
1865, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky, on the 17th day of March, A. D.
1865, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky who prosecutes herein in behalf of the United States assainst one brown mare, one sorre mule and one black mare mule, alleging in sorre mule and one black mare mule, alleging in sorre mule and one black mare mule, ticles states and mare, one sorre mule and one black mare mule, ticles, on the lat day of March, A. D. 1865, as forfeited to the United States, that said mare and mules were coming from the State of Tennessee to the State of Kentucky, without a permit therefor first obtained, in its continuency, without a permit therefor first obtained, in its state of the United States, and the proclamation of the President of the United States, and inhabitants of said State of Tennessee and the citizens and inhabitants of said State of Tennessee and the citizens and inhabitants of said State of Tennessee and the citizens and inhabitants of the rest of the United States, and against the regulations of the Treasury Department of the United States. And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seaf of said Gourt, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District. On the first day of its next October term, the 2d day of October, A. D., 1865, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

# DRAFT.

HEADQUARTERS EOARD OF ENROLLMENT, Fifth District of Kentucky, Louisville, March 15th, It fifth District of Kentacky, Louiville, March 15th, 1855.

The following section of "A fact of Congress to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out the national forces and for other purposes" is published for the information and gu dance of all concerned:

SECTION 23. And be it further enacted. That any person or persons enrolled in any sub district may after notice of a d aft, and before the time shall have taken place, cause to be mustered into the s-rvice of the Unifed States such number of recruits not subject to draft, which they may deem expedient, which recruits shall stand to the credit of the persons thus causing them to be mustered in and shall be taken as substitutes for such persons, or so many of them as may be drafted to the extent of the sumber of such r-cruits and in the order designated by the principals at the time such recruits are thus, as aforesaid, mustered in. The Board of Enrollment of the Fifth District of Ken acky will receive recruits in accordance with the above hen presented, until further orders.

Pro. Mar. and Prest. Board of En. 5th Dis. Ky. marl6-tf

## STOCKS.

Quartermasters' Vouchers

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS Bought at the Best Rates, by

C. L. RADWAY & CO. AT

221 Main St., South side, bet 2d and 3d

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1865.

### News of the Day.

The battle Sunday in the defenses at Petersburg seems to have been the most se-yere and decisive of the week's engageyere and decisive of the week's engage-ments. The rebels fought desperately, but were crusned by force of numbers. Our prisoners are between twenty-five and thirty thousand—so many that it is difficult to spare troops to guard them. Lincoln-sends dispatches from the house of one Davis, in Richmond, and our entire army is purpoint Legis retreating columns toward pursuing Lee's retreating columns toward Danville.

Our accounts of Saturday's fighting are now very complete. Sheridan's brilliant battle of the Five Forks is narrated on the fourth page, and embellished on the third by an experienced artist.

by an experienced artist.

There landed in New York during the year 1864, 89,706 Irish, 57,572 Germans, 23,871 English, and 11,767 of other nationalities; making a total of 182,916 emigrants. This is 27,072 more than in 1863, 8,182 more than the annual average since 1847, and 857 less than in 1857. Evidently the people of Europe do not believe that democracy is a failure. On the average, each emigrant adds one thousand dollars to the material wealth of the nation; but the average of the English and German portion is not less English and German portion is not less

General Potter, of the 2d division, 9th corps, was badly wounded during the attack on the works in front of Petersburg

A movement against Augusta is preparing at Savannah. The rebels have no force with which to defend the place.

The artesian well in Dalton, Massachu-The artesian wen in Daton, Massachusetts, d scharges 450 gallons per minute, or 64,009 gallons per day. This, it is said, exceeds every other artesian well in the world, the nearest approach being one in Chicago, which discharges 57,000 gallons

The free State legislature of Tennessee is fully organized. Haskell, of Knox county, is speaker of the house.

The naval officers of the confederacy are congregated at Halifax on the Roanoke, where they have one ram fearfully and where they have one ram fearfully and wonderfully made.

A dispatch from Goldsboro gravely recites that three of Sherman's foragers, thirty miles from the lines, formed in line of bat-tle and drove back thirty rebels four times

Maj. Gen. Russell, of the 25th corps, was killed before Petersburg. Gen. Newton's expedition up St. Mary's river, Florida, destroyed a large amount of

Our troops occupied Richmond exactly one year from the day on which Grant assumed command of the army.

Many North Carolina refugees in a very destitute condition, are being sent North.
The dispatch from Newbern about the peace
proposition was intended for the New York
Herald, and comes to us by mistake,

Gen. Canby has a formidable staff. Mai Gen. Canby has a formidable stall. Maj. Gen. Osterhaus, is Chief; Brig. Gen. Andrews, Provost Mashal; Brig. Gen. Totton, Chief of Artillery; and Brig. Gen. Com-stock on special duty. Maj. Gen. "Baldy Smith" is here in some official capacity; will doubtless accompany Gen. Canby. Brig. Gen. T. Kirby Smith has been assigned to the command of the District of uth Alabama, heretofore commanded by Maj. Gen. Granger, who takes the field with

Secretary Seward has issued a proclamation, offering a reward for arrest or convic-tion of any raiders from over the borders. The Courier des Etats Unis states that the

Queen of England has conferred the title of Knight of the Order of the Bath on Mr. Archibald, the British Consul-General in New York. The workmen in Paris are to be kept

busy. In addition to 300 locomotives want-ed at home, they have a variety of large orders from Egypt, Greece, Turkey, the Roman States, Spain, Denmark and Russia. The post-office route agent between Charleston and Branchville, S. C., has applied to the Post-office Department for re-muneration for services rendered after the secession of the State.

Gen. John Frederick Hartrauft, who recaptured Fort Steadman and turned defeat into victory, is a native of Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and was born Dec. 16, 1830. He was graduated at Union College, Schenectady, in 1853, and was in the practice of law till the commencement of the war. He has fought in North Carolina, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and Mississippi, and always with marked distinction. The telegraph at first confounded his name with that of Gen. Hartsuff,

The Memorial Diplomatique, which is regarded as a semi-official organ of Mexico, pretends to know that the United States will soon recognize the Imperial Govern-

Gov. Cony of Maine has appointed Thursday, April 20, as a fast day in that State. A man in Boston had the curiosity to note the names of twenty-five of the gold speculators at a certain board, and on re-ferring to the tax list he found two of them assessed—one on \$70 and the other on \$164

The Rappahannock is at last going to be sold by the Confederates, and Commodore Barron and his staff, who have been directing for two years the Confederate navy ad, are going to sail for the Confedera

The people of Oberlin, Ohio, have pre-The people of Oberlin, Onio, have presented a sword, costing \$80, to Capt. O. S. B. Wall, the first commissioned colored officer of that rank of the United States army. The scabbard bears the appropriate motto—"God Speed the Right."

The London Owl makes this interesting announcement: "We understand that in consequence of the probable occurrence during the Summer of an event which will fill all loyal subjects with joy, her Royal Highness Princess Alice of Hesse, or the Princess Helens will hold drawing rooms." Princess Helena, will hold drawing-rooms for Her Majesty during the season and thereby spare the fatigue to Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales, who will only hold the next drawing-room."

## Enthusiasm.

The amiable and patriotic editor of the Democrat rejoicing over the magnificent and infinitely momeutous victories which have sealed the fate of the bogus Confeder-

acy, kindles into this inspiring strain: It seems from the dispatches pretty well authenticated that Richmond is taken at last. If this contest was conducted according to reasonable calculations of interest, this would be the end of the rebellion; for if they would not half Richmond normans. this would be the end of the rebellion; for if they could not hold Richmond permanent-ly, what place can they hold? Still we can-not foresee what desperate resolution may be acted upon, nor how long a scattered, deputions resistance and hold. desultory resistance may be kept up. Holding the country with one part punned to the other by the bayonet, is not restoring the Union. Wisdom now, more than strength, is wanted

To such a high key of rapture is he carried by the fall of Richmond and the reduction of the rebel government to vagabandage and incipient death. This is all he has

to say about it up to present writing. ART ANECDOTE. -One of those intimates whose secure footing allows them to mention the folbles of friends, remarked one day to Frith that "he didn't shine in conversation." "No," said the prosperous painter, "I'm like Addison in that respect; I've little ready cash in by pocket, but I can draw for thousands." All the details of the late move

which has resulted so gloriously for the national cause, indicate that the evacuation of Richmond was a precipitate flight instead of a deliberate and pre-arranged manouver. Immense quantities of Railroad stock were left in the city, and Gen. Grant telegraphs that the line of Lee's retreat is strewn with arms, artillery, ammunition, caissons, wagons and what not. Something like 18,000 prisoners had been taken at last accounts, and still the good work was going briskly on. It is safe to say that the Confederacy is at an end. It is impossible for Gen. Lee to do anything more for it. He may keep up a fugitive, broken, disorganized army a few weeks or months longer, and manage with it to kill a few people. But that is the utmost he can do. And if he has a tithe of the intellect and manliness his friends claim for him, and his foes concede to him, he will surrender the cause and himself, if not his army. There seems to be a general anticipation that President Lincoin will speedily issue another and more comprehensive proclamation of amnesty. A good many well-meaning people, together with a still greater number of ill-meaning ones, have been urging this for several weeks. Now, such a proclamation might be in order, although it could not have been before. We would have the offer of pardon generous and very ample, but we think it should include the announcement of a new policy in the treatment of those who remain incorrigible. Their occupation as belligerents now degenerates at once into mere highway robbery and murder. They have no longer the excuse of a pseudo-patriotism. Their cause is gone; their pretended nationality no longer exists. A peripatetic confederacy, a nationality that has no permanent foothold on the face of the earth, is a solecism, shadow, a sham, an impudent pretence. Jeff Davis & Co. now constitute such an

### make an unconditional surrender, or be pronounced unconditional outlaws. A Dull Editor.

Perhaps nothing is more paralyzing to the mental faculties than the shock of fear, or of painful news coming at a moment of intense exhileration. This law is strikingly illustrated in the editorial columns of yesterday's Democrat. About the time that the editor was attempting some response to our exposure of his sophistry and nonsense over the "Confiscation Act." the news of the fall of Richmond came. The effect on his article is visible to any one who will take the pains to read it. We cannot undertake any elaborate rejoinder, for there is positively nothing to respond to. We will simply notice a point or two:

The Press points out a clause in the law giving the President power to dispense with its provisions entirely or in part, at his discretion.

We presume no jurist will hold that part of the bill constitutional. The President has no dispensing power, and Congress can't give it to him.

If the editor will consult some "jurist' he will probably get a little information on this point. And if he paid any attention to current events he would know that a good many eminent jurists, Judges of United States Courts, have already decided this clause to be constitutional, and that thousands of rebels are receiving the benefit of its constitutionality.

The editor says "we haven't the law be fore us just now." This is credible. If he had said that the law had never been "be fore him," that would also have been credible. It might add somewhat to the clearness and instructiveness of his discussions on the subject, if he would give himself the trouble to get the law before him, and labor diligently to get some little understanding

It was not to be expected that he would quote us accurately, or state any position of ours with candor or truthfulness. That is not his way. For example we, in speaking of the impossibility of any general infliction of the penalty of death for treason, stated that "before any penalty could be inflicted on the person, he must be tried." (We should have added, that he must be tried in the district where the offense was committed.) The Democrat represents us as saying that a "man can't be punished under the law without a trial." And adds that the law "does take a man's property without a trial." On his mis-statement of our position we need not dwell. The rest of the statement is equally incorrect. The law does not take a man's property without a trial of the case, if not the man. Natu rally enough in many cases the man himself will not be present at the trial instituted against his property, for he is elsewhere engaged in open rebellion against the Government before whose courts the case is brought. There is nothing peculiar, in the law, in this respect. It provides that "proceedings in rem shall be instituted in the name of the United States, in any District Court thereof, or in any Territorial Court, or in the U.S. District Court, for the District of which cast censure upon one of the brigades of the 9th corps, in connection with the rebel assault upon Fort Stedman, has been in admirally or revenue cases? in admiralty or revenue cases."

It is simply the customary method of proceeding against forfeited property, as, for instance in cases of smuggling. If the claimant has a mind to come forward and take his chances, he can defend himself. He is notified in due form and ample time given him to answer and show cause why proceedings against him should be staid. That he does not appear in any given case is no fault of the Government or court. The execution of this law, in short, conforms in all essential particulars with the immemo-

all essential particulars with the immemorial practice of admiralty courts.

Probably the editor of the Democrat never heard of this particular species of judicial proceedings. But it is as old as piracy, smuggling and treason, add is in vogue in all nations sufficiently civilized to have courts at all. This ignorant critic talks about the act in question, as if it introduced an entirely new and altogether ferocious method of dealing with traitors. We showed in a former article that it contains, on the contrary, important and essential mitigations of our previous laws against treason. There is no civilized nation without such laws and the severest penalties attached thereto. But no nation would attempt to subject whole armies and communities of men to judicial trial for the offense of treason.

The editor of the Democrat, as he stumbles ahead with his strictures, calls our comments "an apology for an act of legislation." As we didn't commit the said "act of legislation," and as we don't think it possesses very much efficiency, we have no temptation or occasion to offer any apology for it. Still, as this editor is afflicted with such a chronic duliness that it is difficult for him to extract the meaning from any given article, we will say for his benefit that what he mistook for apology, and as we don't think it possesses very much efficiency, we have no temptation or occasion to offer any apology for it. Still, as this editor is afflicted with such a chronic duliness that it is difficult for him to extract the meaning from any given article, we will say for his benefit that what he mistook for apology, and as well as a pology for it. Still, as this editor is afflicted and that the mistook for apology, and as well as a pology for it. Still, as this editor is afflicted with such a chronic duliness that it is difficult for him to extract the meaning from any given article, we will say for his benefit that what he mistook for apology, and an act of a pology for it. Still, as this editor is afflicted and in the polo rial practice of admiralty courts.

from any given article, we will say for his benefit that what he mistook for apology, is merely exposition.

# The ante-diluvian tendencies of the rebe

Proclamation. IN VIEW OF THE RECENT SUCCESSES OF OUR Union army, and the taking of the reher capital, I as Mayor of the city, earnestly recommend to the clitzens generally to give an expression of their patriotic fellings yan illumination of their dwelling houses and places of business throughout the city on the night of the 5th inst.

WM. KAYE, Mayor.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

such utter numb-skulls, was hardly to be supposed. They are the same set of "conservative" citizens who swallowed the Democratic rant last fall, that if Mr. Lincoln was re-elected gold would go up to five hundred per cent. premium before the 4th of March. We

shall always be delighted to hear of their being caught just as they were yesterday and day before with their bets against the authenticity of the news that everybody else was jubilant over, and just as they were previously with their gold operations. It furnishes another example of poetic justice whereof this war has been signally prolific. If there is one quality in these nome rebels which exceeds their impudence, it is their stupidity.

citizens of Louisville were finely illustrated

yesterday. There was amongst them a very

general, profound, and apparently sincere

incredulity over the news of the great

victory at Richmond. Numbers of them

actually entered into considerable bets that

the reports were all a hoax! Nobody ex-

pected them to rejoice, but that they were

Like and Unlike. The editor of the Democrat says in his

Tuesday's issue: We didn't expect to find the anonymous scribbler for the Press in a good humor

There is some foundation in a general way for the insinuation that what the Democrat rejoices over is a subject of regret with us. He had a good time Sunday and Monday over the result of the city election. But his festive cheer was arrested as suddenly as was that of Belshazzar when the news of the fall of Richmond arrived. The effect of that news upon both of us was in one sense similar. It mitigated most essentially the emotions produced by the city election in both cases. What is one man's meat is another's poison. But both meat organization. Let them be called upon to and poison can take away appetite.

> An elderly maiden, meeting a newly-married man, who had once been her ser-vant, carrying home a cradle, exclaimed, "Ah, John, these are the fruits of mar-"No, madam," replied John, "this

be only the fruit-basket." A CHROMATIC CONUNDBUM. - What is the olor of a scream? Yell-ho, of course!

### MARRIED.

WALTZ-TEBRY,-On Sunday, April 2, Mr. J. H. WALTZ to MARY A. TERRY, both of this city.

### BUSINESS NOTICES.

Initials Stamped on Letter Paper and Envel Visiting and Wedding Card ENGRAVING ESTABLISHMENT

STATIONERY EMPORIUM, No. 42 West Fourth Street, SHIPLEY & SMITH. Special attention given to Coloring Initials Monograms and Orests on Paper.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

ONE COD LIVER OIL OF PERFECT PURITY EXISTS .- It is nanufactured by John C. Baker & Co., No. 718 Market treet, Philadelphia. For eighteen years it has been censidered the finest preparation of its kind in the market Its guaranties are the written testimonia's of the most eminent physicians in America. They are open to the public at the manufactory. Consumptives and all who suffer from coughs, cold, bronchitis, trachitis, scrofula, or liver disease are invited to try the article.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Intruction for Young men. Also, new and reliable treatment for the Di-eases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

DIARRAHEA AND DYSENTERY. "SPECIAL DIET KITCHEN,"
JOE HOLT GENERAL HOSPITAL,
JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., March 9, 1865.

BENNE EXTRACT" is being used in this hospital to quite an extent, and is relieving numbers who have been suffering from "Chronic Diarrhea," and they would like to recommend it to the public. I enclose you a certificate om one of them, at his request. I received the Extract from the Western Sanitary Commission.

Very respectfully,

A. JOHNSON.

JEFFERSONVILLE, INO.. March 6, 1865. MESSES. J. &. C. MAGUIRE—DEAR SIRS: Having suffered with chronic diarrhea from December 1, 1864, until Feb-ruary, 1865, and having been under medical treatment and receiving little relief. I tried a bottle of your Com-pound Extract of Benne Plant, which I found to be an intallible cure, and I recommend it the world.

BAYMOND & CO, No. 74 Fourth street, Opposite National Hotel.

## Meeting of Tobacco Dealers.

At a meeting of the tobacco dealers of Louisville, Ky., held at the Ninth Street Tobacco Warehouse, Ma.ch 14, 1865, the following resolutions were adopted and ordered to be published in each of the city papers:

Resolved, By the tobacco dealers of the city of Louis-ville, that hereafter the names of the owners or sellers of "nested" or false packed hogsheads of tobacco offered in this market for sale shall be published in the city papers. and that a "black list" be kept at the different ware

on the dealers to assist in defraying expense of same.

3. Resolved. That no name shall be thus published until the Committee have satisfied themselves, beyond doubt, by whom the tobacco was packed or offered for sale.

JAMES T. EDMUNDS, Chairman.

## CARD.

TO THE MUSICAL PUBLIC. HAVING NOTICED AN ELABORATE ADVERtisement in our city and other papers, headed "The
Great Weber Piano," in which the Piano-Fortes made by
Steinway & Sons and Chickering & Sons are discaragingly mentioned, I feel it my duty, as the agent and representative of the makers of those Instruments and to the
public to publish the following letter.
D. P. FAULDS, Agent for
Steinway & Sons' and Chickering & Sons'
Piano Fortes, 223 Main street.

J. N. PATTISON,
8. B MILLS,
THEODORE THOMAS,
CABL BERGMAN,

### ILLUMINATION.

PROPOSALS.

5,0:0 Barrels Extra FLOUR, of same quality as sample to be seen at this cffice, barrels to be FULL H.AD LINES.

50,000 Founds choice No. 1 BIO COFFEE in DOUBLE SACKS.

20,000 Founds choice JAVA COFFEE, in DOUBLE SACKS.

20,000 Founds choice JAVA COFFEE, in DOUBLE SACKS.

50,000 Founds CRUSHED SUGAR, in good strong, well coopered barrels, FULL HEAD LINED.

25,000 Founds CRUSHED SUGAR, in good strong, well coopered barrels, FULL HEAD LINED.

25,000 Founds CRUSHED SUGAR, in good strong, well coopered barrels, FULL HEAD LINED.

25,000 Founds CRUSHED SUGAR, in good strong, well coopered barrels, FULL HEAD LINED.

A lipached to be delivered, FAEE OF ALL CHARGES, for drayage, packages or otherwise, at the Commissary store houses in Louisville, Ky., on or before the 30th day of April, 1855.

All packages must be strong and well made, and plainly marked as per pattern to be seen at this office, and actual tree will be deducted for all descriptions of packages.

Froposals must be made on the blanks furnished at this office, and for each article they must be on separate theels and must be made in duplicate.

Samples of a l articles, except Flour, must accompany proposals and be carefully marked with the name of the blader; and should any party to whom a contract is awarded under this advertisement fail to deliver within the time designated, the undersigned shall be allowed to purchase to extent of deficiency, and the contractor shall pay the difference of cost.

The successful bidders must be present in person at the time of announcing the awards, as their presence is required.

All goods are to be received subject to the inspection of

gnate. Payments will be made in such funds as may be fur ished by the Government The specifications of this advertisement must be strictly complied with.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids for proper cause. ap5-6t Major and Commissary of Subsistence

Apó-6t

Major and Commissary of Subsistence.

H. C. SYMONDS,
apó-6t

Major and Commissary of Subsistence.

H. EADQUARTERS ACT. ASS. PROVOST MARSHAL
General, Louisville, Ky., April 4, 1865.
It having been ordered by the War Department that
Boards of Enrollment and Recruiting Officers shall hereafer obtain the stationery they require by requisitions
on the acting Assistant Provost Mashal General of the
Sate; and that officer having been instructed to contract
with parties who will furnish what is required for a limited period, notice is hereby given that sealed proposals,
in duplicate, for furnishing the following articles of stationery for the purposes above stated, for the period of six
months from the date when contract is made, will be received by the undersigned at this office in conisville, Ky.,
until 12 M., on WE. JR. SDAY, APRIL 12, 1855, v. 2:
Paper—Folio post, ruled, weighing 14 pounds, per ream;
Paper—Folio post, ruled, weighing 19 pounds, plain or
headed, as per pattern, per ream;
Paper—Blotting, per ream;
Paper—Blotting, per ream;
Paper—Manilla wtapping, super royal, per ream;
Paper—Botting, per ream;
Paper—Bott

Cardire;
Cardire;
Carding, prepared in sizes as ordered, per 1000;
Rulers, per doz;
Inoia Rubber ands, per gross;
Paper Weights, per doz;
Eyelets, in boxes, per doz;
Later (like per doz)

Eyeiets, in boxes, per doz;
Letter Clips, per doz;
Press Books, (copying) per quire.
The above articles to be delivered in good order and free
of all charges at the office of the undersigned in Louisville, Ky., in such quantities as may be from time te time
called for, or at the option of the undersigned, may be
received at the warehouse of the contractor or immediate
forwarding, properly packed by the contractor, to the
point where required.
Parties to whom awards are made will be required to point where required.

Parties to whom awards are made will be required to enter into contract, with two sufficient sureties, who will be named in the proposals; such contracts to be subject to the approval of the Provost Marshal General before they Lt Col. 10th U. S. Inf., and A. A. P. M. G. for Ky.

### AUCTION SALES.

Desirable Grocery and Tavern Stand at Auction.

On MONDAY, APRIL 107H, 1865, ABOUT THE HOUR of 11 o'clock A. M. 1 will sell the Court House door a desirable brick house and lot at the southeast corner of Jefferson and Eighth streets, fronting 35 feet on Jefferson, running back (same width) 110% feet. The house is well adapted for a tavern and grocery. There is a large store room and cellar underneath, and above are seventeen rooms. teen rooms.

Terms—One half cash, the balance in six and twelve months, with interest and lien.

ap5-5t

THOS. A. MORGAN, Auctloneer.

DUBLIC SALE OF GOVERNMENT STOCK.—I
will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at
the old Oakland Race Course near the city, from two to
three hundred head of condemned horses, mares and
mules.

Terms cash. The property must be removed the same
day at the risk of the purchases.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M., on MONDAY,
APRIL 107H, 1865. To continue daily from 10 A. M. until 3 P. M., until they are all disposed of,
JOHN T. ALLEN,
Capt and A. Q. M.
Ass't Quartermaster's Office, Louisville, April 3.

ap4-6t

## NOTICE.

MASONIC NOTICE.—THE OFFICERS AND MEM bers of Mit Morish Lodge, No. 196, F and A. M. will meet THIS WEDNESDAY EVENING, 5th inst., at 7% o'clock for work. By order of W. M. By-ltz. JARRETT BULL, Secretary. NOTICE.—AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Directors of the SALT RIVER PETROLEUM CO., it was ordered t. at a call of 50 per cent. of the subscribed took be made, payable on the leth inst., at the office Gurhrie & Co.

J. H. MARTIN, Secretary.

Dental Association will hold their annual meeting at the Natunai Hot I, in this city, on TUESDAY, THE ISHI INST., at 2 clock P. M., and the MEMBERS RANN-ESTLY REQUEST all dentists of the Soutswestern States to meet at the same time and place to organize a South-western Dental Association.

W. G. Kedman, W. D. None, J. A. McCl-lland, W. H. Shadoan, N. Clute, E. W. Mason, and others. LOUISYLLE, KY., April 4, 1865.

Juurnal and Democrat copy and charge Press.

FEANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANNY, LOUISVILLE, KY., April 3, 1865.

A T THE REGULAR ANNUAL ELECTION OF A President and twelve Directors held this day, the following gentlemen were duly elected for the ensuing year:

James Trabue, President.

DIRECTORS:

William Gay,
Geo. W. Morris,
Jos. P. Torbitt,
W. Geo. Anderson, John White,
Jos. P. Torbitt,
W. Geo. Anderson, John T. Moore,
api-lw

R. A. BROWINSKI, Secretary.

# SUNDRIES.

MASS LICOBICE AND GUM— 35 cases M F Licorice; 60 cases W and S Licorice; 40 cases R R Licorice; 50 barrels sifted Gum Arabic: In store and for sale by

MAYSVILLE COTTON YABNS, ETC—
75 bags No. 500 Maysville Yarns;
85 bags No. 600
35 bags No. 700
10 bags No. 400
10 bales No. 2 Batting;
200 bags Qandle Wick and Twine;
In store and for sale by
ap>65
315 Main street. NEW COPPER DISTILLED WHISKY— 50 barrels J. Miller pure Copper Whisky; 35 ba rels Oldham county

SUGAR-20 hhds prime Cuba Sugar; 20 " prime Porto Rico Sugar; 50 " choice New Orleans sugar; 100 bbls crushed Sugar; 20 " A coffee Sugar; 20 " B " Sugar; 25 " bowdered Sugar;

McCREADY & MARTIN WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

AMUSEMENTS.

# EQUESCURRICULUM L. B. LENT, Manager.

Will remain for FiveDaysLonger On lot corner of East and Chestnut.



PERFORMANCES AFTERNOON AND Afternoons at 2 1-2 o'clock, Evenings at DOORS OPEN AT 2 AND 7 O'CLOCK! ssion, 50 cents. ren, under twelve years of age, 25 cents. A SEAT FOR EACH VISITOR, NO STANDING ROOM! GREAT ARTISTES,

EQUESTRIAN, CALESTHENIC AND ATHLETIC,
CAREFULLY SELECTED FROM THREE DISTINCT CIRCUSES. English, French & American, PRESENTS THE

JAMES ROBINSON, Champion Rider MAD. LOUISE TOURNIAIRE, BARE BACK EQUESTRIENNE ROBINSON IN TWO SCENES A Sensational and a Hurdle Act! . MADAME TOURNIAIRE FLIGHT OF EURIDICE.

MAGNIFICENT SERIES OF ROAD EXERCISES. FOUR CLOWNS 20 umblers, Leapers & Vaulters, Fifty Performing, Dancing and Trained Horses and Ponies. At every entertainment of the

ASTODON SHOW OF 1865, THE EQUESCURRICULUM

# Louisville Theater.

OARRY & OALVEST Lessess and Managers.
D. A. SARZEDAS. Stage Manager.
T. J. CARRY. Tressurer.
Tressurer.
DRThird night of the great comedian MR. FRANK On Wednesday Evening, April 5, 1865, will be acted the drama of After which the burlesque of CAMILLE.

GRAND MATINEE every Saturday afternoon at 2%

\*\* ALTERATION OF TIME.—Doors open at 1/2 before 7 o'clock. Curtain rises 1/4 before 8. \*\*REDUCTION OF PRICES. -Private Boxes, \$8 & \$5. Orchestra Seats, \$1 00. Dress Circle and Parquette
75c. Family Circle 50c. Colored Boxes, 50c. Gallery, 25c.

### BOOK TRADE. ASK YOUR FATHER

TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE CHARMING NEW MAG: OUR YOUNG FOLKS

And have it sent to your address. It is specially devoted to the amusement and instruction of Boys and Girls, and is filled with interesting Stories, Sketches and Poems by the best authors, and illustrated with fine drawings Terms, \$2 per year. CIVILL & CALVERT, mar3i-codtf Louisville, Ky.

## OPTICIAN.



LOUISVILLE OPTICAL INSTITUTE MAIN STREET, UNDER THE NATIONAL HOTEL



Artificial Eyes Inserted without

Causing Pain. aeroidal Glasses set in old frames.
heroid. Classes will be sent to order if it states
rominent or sunk, and what length of
a22 dtf

Large Assort ment of Meerschaum Pipes A TO. G. TACHAU & BRO.'S,

TOBACCO AND CICARS.

### LEWIS TACHAT C. G. TACHAU & BROTHER, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES AND

SMOKING ARTICLES, No. 505 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth.

DEFERRING TO THE ABOVE CARD, WE WILL L at all times be prepared to exhibit to our friends and patrons a large and well assorted stock. Our goods have been selected with great care and our endeavor shall always be to satisfy both city and country trade in prices as well as in quality.

G. G. TACHAU & BRO. jail 7 shifts.

## DRAFT.

WAR DEPARTMENT, PROVOST MARSHAL General's Office, Washington, D. C., March 27, 1865. Circular No. 9.—The 23d section of the Act approved March 3, 1865, provides as follows:
SECTION 25.—And be it further enacted, That any person or persons enrolled in any subdistrict, may, after notice of a draft, and before the same shall have taken place, cause to be mustered into the service of the United States, such number of recruits, not subject to draft, as they deem expedient, which recruit shall stand to the credit of the persons thus causing them to be mustered in, and shall be taken as substitutes for such pers ns, or so many of them as may be drafted, to the extent of the number of such recruits, and in the order designated by the principals at the time such recruits are thus as aforesaid mustered in.

1. In order to avail themselves of the provisions of this law, the attention of all persons desiring to form associations for recruiting, with a view to exemption from draft, is invited to the ollowing suggestions, to wit:

1. In order that credit may be siven to the sub-district for the recruits furnished, at the time they are mustered in, and the draft made only for the efficiency remaining after crediting these and other recruits, it is necessary that all the members of the association shall belong to the same sub-district.

2. Frevious to the commencement of the draft the association will furnish the Provost Marshal of the district a list of the names of its members, designating their order, and numbering them accordingly, which list will not be altered or increased after the drawing shall have commenced. QUARTERLY REPORT be aftered or increased after the drawing shall have commenced.

II. A list of the recruit a furnished by such association shall be kept by the Prevost Marshal, to be numbered in the order in which they are enlisted.

When the drait has been made, the recruit standing at the head of the list will be taken as the substitute of the first man drafted who belongs to the association; the recruit standing second on the list will be taken as the substitute of the second man drafted, and so on until the list of recruits is exhausted by drafted men who belong to the association, or until all the members of the association who have been drafted are exempted, in case a sufficient number of recruits have been furnished by the association to exempt that number.

Where the number or recruits furnished by an association exempt that number.

Where the number or recruits furnished by an association to exempt that number of men drafted from such association to exempt that number of men drafted from such association colaim for the exemption of any persons whomsever.

DRY COODS.

FASHIONS FOR APRIL

# NEW YORK STORE

On Monday, April 3d, We shall begin to receive and oper

NEW AND FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS

OUR STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS

nitable for the season, and shall continue to make additions to our stock from day to day as long as the season

Such as PRINTS of every brand, BLEACHED COTTONS (all wieths and brands, BEGWN COTTONS (all widths and brands), PLAID COTTONS. EERSELS, DANIMS, CHECKS, TICKINGS, URISH and TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS, SHEETINGS, &c., we will sell at EVEN LESS PRICES THAN HERETOFORE. We have received large invoices of HOSIERY, GLOVES, WHITE GOODS, LACES, &c., which we offer UNUSUALLY LOW.

300 Silk Circulars, Saques, and Basks. 300 Spring Shawls, Together with a variety of LACE POINTS, &c., will be offered at a GREAT BARGAIN.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND GEN-TLEMENS' WEAR.

S. BARKER & CO., NO. 317 FOURTH STREET.

MANSFIELD & CO.

Cor. Fourth and Jefferson Sts.,

# GOODS.

HAVE NOW IN STORE A LARGE PORTION OF their first supply of

EMBRACING DRESS GOODS

SPRING GOOD

Silks, Poplins, Mozambiques, Organdies, Lawns. Muslins,

And a very pretty assortment of NEW SPRING STYLE MANTILES,

SILK, CLOTH AND LACE, And will be pleased to exhibit them to all who want new

JAMES M. STEVENS. No. 628, MAIN STREET.

Meer schaum Pipes,

Ind ia Rubber do

Br ier Root do

Pocket-Books,

Pocket-Milrors,

do

Imr tation

Jewelry,

Towels,

Soaps, Pomades,

Violins,

Perfumery,

Travelling Bags,

W ood

Nearly opposite Louisvil le Hotel, LOUISVILLE, KY. Wholesale Dealer in

Hosiery, Gloves, Drawers, Suspenders. Handkerchiefs, Neck-Ties, Scarfs. Combs Brushes.

Buttons, Threads, Ladies' Belts. Belt Buckles, Belt Ribbons; Velvet Ribbons;

Paper, Envelopes, Silk, Worsted, and Pencils, Cotton Braids, Pens, &c.;

Foreign & Domestic NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS In Great Variety.

COUNTRY and OTTY MERCHANTS and SUTLERS tre solicited to er amine our stock. Gentlem/n's Traveling Companions and Cig'ar Cases N GRE AT VARIETY at C. G. TACHAU & BRO.'S.

ME DICAL. FOSTER & DAVIS, DRUGGISTS Corner of First and Jefferson Sts., LOUIS VILLE, KY. Druge, Medicines,

Chemicals, Toilet Soaps', Combs and Brusher. PURE WINES AND LIQUORS FOR MEDI-mar29-tapl5 CAL USE. BANK STATEMENIT.

CONDITION FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF LOUISVILLE, THE STATE OF KENTYJCKY

ON THE MORNING OF THE

FIRST MONDAY OF APIRIL, 1865. ASSETS. 192,999 : 2,743 0 4,415 1 1,274 9 59,296 9 34,928 6 Taxes Paid.

Due from National Banks

Due from National Banks

Due from National Banks

Due from other Banks.

U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure Circulating Notes

U. S. Bonds of posited with U. S. Treasurer to secure Deposite with U. S. Treasurer to Secure Deposited With U. S. Streasurer Deposited With U. S. Securities.

U. S. Bonds on hand.

Other U. S. Securities.

Cash on hand in Circulating Notes of State-Banks.

Banks 250,000 00

Tetal .....

**EVERYBODY TAKE NOTICE!** 

If you want anything, If you have anything to sell, If you want Boarders, If you have Lest anything,

Tell Ten Thousand People at Once by

WANTED-BOY. A SMART, INTELLIGENT AND honest boy: (and none ather need apply.) Such a one can get a permanent situation and good wages by calling at the U.S. Hotel Cigar Stand.

WANTED-SITUATION AS EDITOR OR CORRE-STUNDENT—Newspaper establishments desirou dining the services of an experienced Editor or Cor-ident can hear of one by addressing ADELOS cille, Ky.

# FOR SALE.

OVER EIGHTY ACRES, SITUATED ABOUT TWO and a half miles from Oil Lake and two from Oil Greek. It is reputed excellent oil land—tunning wells in the neighborhood. This land has a better show for peiro-leum than adjoining farms now is ing bored. The pine and hemlock timber on the land is worth about \$6,000. There is also an extensive sugar bush, a aw-mill with 3circular saws for cutting lath, sask stuff, &c., also a small criais property is offered for a short time—before boring for oil—for \$25,000. Apply to the proprik for, J. T. O. CLEY, Little Cooley, Crawford county, Pa., or to the subscriber, Box 14, P. O.

252 East street, Louisville, Ky.

FOR RENT-AN ELEGANT FARM-ON THE WORK house road, near the city, containing 75 acres; has a

FOUND-A BUNCH OF KEYS. Inquire at this office.

The only House that Manusactures Pens South of the Ohio River. Please



All pens bear my trade mark, R. C. Hill, Lou., Ky, and are warranted fourteen carats fine and perfect in every respect. Sent by mail or express to any part of the country on receipt of price and return charges. Persons ordering will please state the size and style desired, whether hard or soft, fine or coarse; and if the pen should fail to please or prove defective, will have the privilege of each prejuct.

J. S. HILL. R. C. HILL & CO.,

# Ten and Twenty Years' Loan

Gold Pen Manufacturers, mar31-tf 407 Main and 333 Third sts., Louisville, Ky.

Jefferson County, Ky., 6 Per Cent. COUPON BONDS.

Duly Authorized by an Act of the Legislature of Kentucky.

WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF CAPIJEFFERSON COUNTY, now offered for sale in order to raise a bounty fund. These bonds are better secured than any offered in the market Jefferson county is one of the largest and wealthiest countries in Kentucky, and is entirely free from debt. Its resources are: To meet its current expenses, a per capita tax of \$1.50 on each white male over the age of twenty-one years, and on each negro slave over the age of sixteen is annually leviest. From this tax, which is more than sufficient to meet the annual expenses incurred, a find has been realized which enables tax, which is more than sufficient to meet the annual expenses incurred, a find has been realized which enables the country authorities to meet about sixty per cent. of these annual expenses before they become due, and without to meet these bones there is levied an annual tax (for twenty years) of the cents on each slub worth of real estate of the county, and, in addition thereto, there is levied (for twenty years) an annual per capita two of the collection of the lands of the county on the lith day of January, 1564, was \$4,000,000. The whites of the county subject to military duty number 2,000. The taxes levied to meet hese bonds and the interest on them will produce an annual sum of \$14,200. The value of the lands will not decrease, nor will the number of tithables. The number of bonds authorized is but one hundred and fifty for an aggregate sum of \$10,000. These bonds may be had at the Franklin Bauk, Fifth street, near Main, Louisville, Ky., at a rate that will pay the purchaser size per ceal, per ansum met, free of Gocerament to. Duly Authorized by an Act of the Legislature

FINE HAVANA CIGARS A T.C. G. TACHAU & BRO.'S.

No. 515 Main st., bet. F.f.h and Sixth. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

PIANO FORTES GUITARS, VIOLINS, And all kinds of

### D. P. FAULDS, NO. 223 MAIN STREET, BET, SECOND AND THIRD

At greatly reduced price

Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire,

mium Plan! Cheapest and Safest System of Insurance!

BENJ. D. KENNEDY, INSURANCE AGENT,

6. 413 Main Street, south side, betwee hand Fifth, over D. O'Hare's Trunk 'Aore, Louisville, Kentucky. I AM PREPA BED TO ISSUE POLICIES ON BUILD-INGS STOCK. SENTS, LEASES and other insurable ENTS, LEASES and other insurable property, against lower damage by fire, at current rates, on the Participation of Action Promium plan, by which three-fourths of the enti-re-profits of the Company are re-funded each year to the policy holder.

If you have Found anything Advertising in the Daily Press.

WANTED.

FOR SALE.

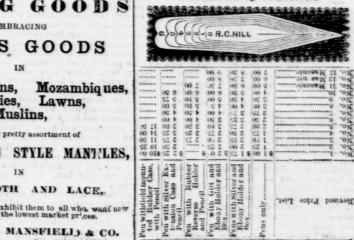
Valuable Oil Lands in Crawford County, Pa.

FFOR SALE-TWO BRICK HOUSES-TWO STORIES each, four rooms and servants rooms on Chestnut, between Second and Third streets. Appy to FRANK CARTER, or D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

## FOR RENT.

FOUND.

# COLD PENS.



fail to please or prove defective, will have the privilege of exchanging it.

(Sent by mail, at OUR AISK, when 20 cents is added for registry.) Write your name and address plainly.

Postage on single pen THREE CENTS; pen with any case or holder and box SIX CENTS.

A deduction of fif. een per cent. allowed on orders of \$25 or over, and twenty-five per cent. on those of \$100. Liberal discount made to the trade.

Old pens repaired in the best manner for SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS each. Pen circulars sent FRES. Address

BONDS. \$100,000.

DENOMINATIONS \$500 and \$1,000.

Coupons payable March and September. We are constantly receiving New Goods adapted to he wants of the trad, which will be sold low for cash.

HITTH

MUSICAL GOODS,

INSURANCE.

Participation or Return Pre-

GAITERS, SHOES & SLIPPERS,
S. S. MAIN ST., OVER W. H. STOKES & CO.,
S. S. MAIN ST., OVER W. H. STOKES & CO.,
WOULD INFORM THEIR FRIENDS AND DEALwill constantly keep on hand the finest goods of this class manufactured, which they will sell at the lowest possible price.

Soever.

Members of associations, who secure exemption under the End of the entity of the enti

WANTED-TO BUY. - ANY ONE HAVING A small grocery or store of any kind to sell out, can do so by calling on M. BARTLETT, at Marble Hail.

Our circulation is rapidly increasing, which renders the Press one of the best advertising mediums in the State. We hope our friends will send in their ad-

OUR AGENTS. Chas. L. Wedding, Atty. at Law, Rockpor Ind. 8. Salm, Troy, Ind.
T. B. Everett, Hopkinsville, Ky.
J. H. Duncan, Bagdad, Ky.
S. M. Pettingill & Oo., Park Row, New York
D. G. Venabe, Frankfort, Ky.
J. S. Bean, Bowling Green, Ky.
Thomas Boardman, New Albany.
Cone, Tunnell & Oo., No. 454, Cherry street, Nashville, Con., Oo., Con., Con.

The Press is the Official Paper of the United States for the State of Kentucky and the Southern portion of Indiana and

" Illuminate.

There has been a great deal of rejoicing over the capture of Richmond here, as elsewhere, since the glorious news arrived, and to-night it is proposed to give a more signal demonstration of joy over the grand tri- I could not use it," arises from the fact that umph of the national arms by a general il- in pulling the cork it is broken by the lumination throughout the city, and by cork-screw, or dug from the bottle with a other manifestations of rejoicing over the knife, and the bottle left without a cork, or grand result. In compliance with a re- with a piece of one, in a heated office, in quest of a number of prominent citizens, some corner on the floor, to evaporate and Mayor Kaye has issued a proclamation re- catch the dust. commending the citizens generally to give an expression of their patriotic feelings, in ed air tight, and any ink stand can be filled view of the capture of the rebel Capital, by with it without removing the cork or soilan illumination of their dwelling houses and places of business to-night.

The house of every loyal family in the city should be lit up. Let the streets be flooded with light. We understand that some of the public buildings will be brilliantly illuminated.

One hundred guns will be fired at each of the forts near than y at noon to-day, by order of the Secretary of War, in honor of the grand triumph of our army; and Gen. Palmer has ordered that a salute of a hun dred guns be fired this evening.

Let not Louisville be behind other cities in evincing her joy in a proper manner over the defeat of the rebellion and the near prospect of peace.

SUICIDE AT TAYLOR BARRACKS .- The young man, Augustus Doering, who committed suicide at Taylor Barracks Satur day night, was not insane, as was stated. He was suffering from a disease that was not only a bodily, but to him a great mental affliction, from the nature of it. He had undergone a very painful surgical opera-tion, and was told by the Surgeon that another was necessary, and that even then he would probably never entirely get well of the loathsome disease. Rather than undergo the second surgical operation, and probably urged to it by other circumstance, that have since come to light, he resolved on destroying himself, and carried out his desperate purpose Saturday night. About nine o'clock a pistol shot just outside of the quarters he and others occupied was heard, and upon some of his comrades going out to ascertain the cause of it, they found Doering stretched upon the ground apparently dead. He lived till the next morning.

It seems the unfortunate young man was engaged to be married to a young lady of this city some time soon. The terrible disease with which he was afflicted forbade the hope that he would be able to fulfill his engagement with his affianced bride, and this probably preyed upon his mind and urged him to commit the desperate deed of self-destruction. He belonged to the 58th New York volunteers. He was a young among his companions.

MILITARY COMMISSION,-Hugh Harrod, charged with being a guerrilla, was tried before the Military Commission yesterday. He belonged, it is charged, to a band operating in Shelby and adjoining counties during last fall. He plead "not guilty." John R. Scott and Charles Fisk appeared as counsel for Harrod. Several witnesses were examined in the case of J. H. Vincell, charged with being a guerrilla, and his case was then continued till next Tues-

Dr. H. E. Gloucester has received authority from Gov. Bramlette to visit the camps of colored troops, for the purpose of examining into their condition and ascertaining what is needed for their greater efficiency. He bears a letter from the Governor, in which he states that Dr. G. comes highly recommended by Federal officers, who have had an opportunity of knowing his merits. His color will give him facilities in investigation which white men do not possess,"

GUERRILLAS AT UNIONTOWN .- As the Camelia was passing Uniontown Thursday night she was hailed, and, not suspecting any danger, landed. The Captain was told that there was a lot of old machinery there to ship, but he had his suspicions aroused by the number of ill-looking men that were gathered around, and concluded to back out without the freight. The Captain has no doubt the men were guerrillas, and were preparing to seize and rob the

business was done in military offices yesterday. At an early hour in the morning Gen. Palmer closed his headquarters for et al, Mercer, order of hearing and judg-ment set aside and rehearing granted; Blanchard's ex'x vs Taylor, Mason, sup-plemental opinion delivered and petition for rehearing overruled; Clarkson vs At-kinson & Conner, Kenton, response to the business, and soon afterwards Gen. Brisbine, at the headquarters of the colored troops, hung out a placard that "owing to the fall of Richmond, this office is closed until to-morrow morning, that all may rejoice." By noon nearly all the places for the transaction of military business were

REJOICING OVER RICHMOND,-But little

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.—The oath of allegiance was administered yesterday at the was elected President, and John M. Vaughn Provost Marshal's office, to John Cullen, of Clerk of the Common Council. Mr. J. R. Hardin county, and H. J. Middleton, of Breckinridge county. The former was a Lucas Clerk of the Board of Alderman. deserter from the 8th Ky. rebel cavalry, and the latter a citizen,

TRAIN FIRED INTO .- A train on the Edge field and Kentucky railroad, going to Nashville, was fired into Monday by guerrillas. Two men were killed, and several wounded. The train was attacked again near Springfield, but no dainage was done.

This morning, Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, Messrs. S. G. Henry & Co. will sell that valuable and well located dwelling house, with large lot, on Fourth street, west side, formerly occupied by Thomas Fosdick, Esq., deceased. For particulars see auction advertisement.

ARMY SUPPLIES .- Major Symonds advertises for proposals to supply flour and other articles for the Commissary Depart- advertises for proposals to supply his Bu-

### MOVEMENT OF COLORED TROOPS,-Unu- BY TELEGRAPH. sual activity has prevailed among the colored troops during the last few days, and

we hear of bodies moving in several parts

A force appeared on Saturday at Shelby-

ville, and another on Sunday at Christians

are said to have been obtained in Shelby

town. The 119th U. S. Col'd Infantry pass-

we understand the Fifth Colored cavalry at

Recruiting is very lively and the unfin-

ished regiments are rapidly filling up.

The 125th Colored infantry, Col. Armstrong,

obtained two hundred recruits during the

USE THE GOOT VENT .- The cause of most

of the complaints like the following: "I

want some good ink; the last you sold me

was not worth a cent," or "it got so thick

With the "Goot Vent," the bottle is cork-

It will last for years, and pay for itself in

It is an ornament to the bottle, keeps it

clean, and you are not obliged to put it out

It will preserve your ink as fresh as when

LOUISVILLE THEATER .- Frank Drew ap-

acter, he certainly has no superior. To-

night a bill of unprecedented attractiveness

is offered. Three pieces are announced-

"Handy Andy," the inimitable funny bur-

lesque of "Camille," and "My Fellow

Clerk," in all of which Mr. Drew will ap-

To Hon. WM. KAYE, Mayor of City of

Louisville;-The undersigned have been

appointed a committee on behalf of eitizens

to request you to make a proclamation for a

grand illumination on the night of the 5th

inst., in honor of the capture of the city of

Richmond, the Capitol of the so-called Con-

federacy .In the hope of a prompt response,

and a cheerful compliance with this request.

THE EQUESCURRICULUM.—The opening of

Mr. L. B. Lent's spring and summer cam-

paign can be set down as a signal triumph.

The performances in the afternoon are

crowded with ladies and family parties,

while the "night houses" are literally

packed. We do not wonder at the vast

crowds who throng the auditorum, for the

entertainments are irresistible-by far the

rides two dashing acts, while Madame Louise Tournaire executes a bold, though

modest, scene of equetation on a bare back

horse that entirely eclipses all previous efforts we have ever witnessed. Performances every afternoom and night this week

at the corner of Chestnut and East streets. Saturday night next the Equescurriculum

will close its engagement here as it is announced to open in Cincinnati on Monday,

COMPLIMENTARY .- A number of the

friends of Mr. Tomppert, Mayor elect, vis-

ited his residence Monday night to congrat-

ulate him on his election. Mr. Reiss, of

Turner Hall, made the congratulatory

speech on behalf of the friends of the Mayor.

elect, to which Mr. Tomppert replied in

terms befitting the occasion, thanking

them for the honor they had done him. A

general good time was then had, the Mayor

manner that did him credit.

elect performing the part of a host in a

UNPAID LETTERS .- Unpaid letters are

daily thrown into the Postoffice in this city.

Persons should understand that all such

letters are at once sent to the dead letter office

at Washington. The following is the sub-

stance of the law of Congress on the sub-

That all domestic letters, except letters lawfully franked, and duly certified letters of soldiers and mariners in the service of

the United States, which are deposited for

mailing in any postoffice of the United States, on which the postage is unpaid, shall

be sent by the postmaster to the dead letter office in Washington; and all letters de-

posited for mailing, paid only in part, shall be forwarded to destination, charged with the unpaid rate, to be collected on delivery.

COURT OF APPEALS. - Frankfort, April

3, 1865.—Causes Decided.—Buckner et al vs Bush et al, Clark, affirmed; Robinson vs

Clinkenbeard, Kenton, reversed; Louisville and Nashville Railroad vs Glazebrooks,

Taylor, appeal dismissed.
Orders.—Walker & Bishop vs Crawford

kinson & Conner, Kenton, response to pe-tition, rehearing delivered, and petition

CITY COUNCIL.-The new City Council

met last night. All the old officers were

chosen for another term. Mr. T. C. Tucker

Brown was elected President, and Oliver

MUSICAL SKIRMISHING .- We publish on our fourth page the claims of the Great

Weber Piano, for which Mr. Louis Tripp,

On the second page Mr. D. P. Faulds.

comes to the rescue of the celebrated in-

We are under obligations to Mr. J,

H. West, Adams Express messenger on the

L. and N. railroad, for Nashville papers of

Notice.-All persons indebted to E. B.

Nugent will please call and settle their ac-

counts at R. Nugent's shoe-store, on Market

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.-Col. Sidell

struments of Chickering and Steinway.

is the sole Agent.

yesterday.

street, near Preston.

reau with Stationery.

est ever given in Louisville. Robinson

We are, very respectfully,

I cheerfully co-operate.

LOUISVILLE, April 4, 1865.

FRED. A. KAYE,

GEG. W. SMITH.

JAMES KENNEDY,

EDGAR NEEDHAM.

WM. KAYE, Mayor.

T. S. BELL,

CIVILL & CALVERT.

ing the fingers.

less than one.

first uncorked.

For sale by

apr5 tf

of sight.

Camp Nelsod is being mounted.

of the State.

infantry at Glasgow.

REGULAR MIDNIGHT REPORT.

### Virginia.

burg, while a strong column is reported to Reception of our Troops in Richmend. be near Bloomfield. Eighty-four recruits NEW YORK, April 5.—The Herald's Wash ington special says a dispatch dated Spotts-wood House, Richmond, 1:30 P. M., Moncounty. Bodies of colored cavalry are at day, says but little property was destroyed by the fire, which was confined mainly to the tobacco warehouse. The reception of New Haven and Bardstown, and a force of Another force left Greensburg, moving the Union troops was enthusiastic beyond all expectation, proving that there large numbers of Unionists in the Southward. The sixth colored cavalry, nearly one thousand strong were at Paris Many union flags were displayed. Yester-day was the anniversary of Grant's taking command of the army in person, at Culon Thursday and encamped outside the ed through Nicholasville last week, and pepper Courthouse.

Twenty Thousand Prisoners--Lee Mov-ing Toward Danville.

Washington, April 4.—There is good authority for the statement that the rebel prisoners taken by Grant's army will num-During Sunday night the rebels fired and blew up the buildings in and around Pe-

At City Point the belief is general that Lee is retreating upon the Danville Rail-road and that Sheridan is upon his flanks. Destruction of the Rebel Forts and Rams. Washington, April 4.—On Sunday night before evacuating Richmond, the rebels blew up their forts and rams in the James

Death of Gen. Russell. PHILADELPHIA, April 4.—A special dispatch to the Bulletin says that Maj. Gen. Russell, of the 25th corps, was killed in the

The Victory on Sunday.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, April 2.—The most important victory the Army of the Potomac has ever gained in Army of the Potomac has ever gained in Virginia was won to-day, and the outer line of works which we have been trying in vain for months to overcome, has at last yielded to our arms, and the greater portion of this army is within a mile and a half of the city on the south west side. The struggle made by the rebels to retain these works has been of the most desperate character, and for the success obtained to-day we are indebted not only to the strategy exwe are indebted not only to the strategy ex-ercised by the commanders, but to the overwhelming numbers and bravery of the

roops that did the work.

The orders for an attack on the line East peared last night, to a good house, in two and South of Petersburg by the 6th and 9th and South of Petersburg by the oth and 9th corps were carried out punctually at daylight. The artillery having been hammering away the greater part of the night along the entire line held by the above corps. Such furious cannonading has very seldom been heard during the war—not even surgesed by that which was heard on the of his best characters. As Tim O'Brien in the "Irish Emigrant" he is excellent. As Solon Shingle, the celebrated Yankee charpassed by that which was heard on the occasion of the mine explosion in front of

Petersburg.

The 9th corps engaged in the action were the 2d and 3d divisions and Col. Sam Harmon's brigade of the 1st division. The charges were made in front of Forts Hell and Rice, on the Jerusalem road, and were so far successful that by 8 A. M. we were in possession of their fortifications, Fort Mahone being the most elaborate and extensive. These works had fourteen acuse sive. These works had fourteen guns, some of which were at once opened on the enemy by the men of the infantry regiments. Just inside and about one hundred yards from Fort Mahone was anothe work, to which the rebels retreated, and from where they threw a destructive fire upon our men, causing them to retire from the end, when the rebels made a dash thinking to recover entirely, but the guns on the right, as well as the center, had been manned and shotted, and the assailants were driven back. From this time till late in the afternoon the struggle continued, the enemy using every effort to recover the fort, while our men were as determined to retain it. About noon the chances seemed that we should lose it, but a the brigader under Gen. Collis and Gen. Benham, with General Shamlin's brigade of the sixth corps, came on the ground, and by their timely arrival saved the gal-lant men in the fort from capture and again caused the rebels to retire. The fight which raged on this ground was of a most terrible and fearful character. At dark the

position of the contestants was the same as during the day.

Gen. Wilcox, with part of his division. made an attack on the front of Fort Mc-Lilvey, near the Appomattox, and took part of the line, but he soon after was forc ed to retire to his former position, owing to lack of support. The loss of the 9th corps will reach from 800 to 1,000, killed, wound ed and prisoners; among whom are Gen. Potter, commanding the 2d division, who is badly wounded in the groin, but not fatally. It is thought that Col. Letchell, of the 31st Maine, and Maj. Batton severely; Colonel Gregg, 17th N. Y., wounded; Major Morrison 25th Pa. lost a leg: Lient. Alex-Morrison, 25th Pa., lost a leg; Lieut. Alexander wounded; the latter were taken by the 111th Pa. The 6th corps struck the enemy's line in front of Fort Welch, near the celebrated lead works and carried them with very slight loss. They at once pushed for the South Side Road, which they reached about 9 o'clock, and in a very short time several miles of it were torn up and destroyed. They then moved on down to-wards Petersburg driving the rebels before them across the town on a run and into their works close to the city. They took a large number of prisoners—about 2,000 and

ome 20 guns. No attack upon the inner line has been made as yet, as the position is a strong one and will either be defended to the last or

vacuated.

During the night, the 24th corps, holding the line north of Hatcher's run and south of the Duncan road, connecting with the 6th corps on the right, and the 2d on the left, advanced at daylight and took the works in their front with slight loss. Over 1,000 prisoners were captured there. The attack was made by Foster's and Turner's divisions, under Gen. Gibbons; they were supported by the colored division of the 2d corres who hald the line from the Bung orps, who held the line from the Run a mile east of the Boydton road, over a mile west. They delayed till Sheridan, with the 5th corps got within supporting dis-tance on the extreme left, when the entire line moved forward, carrying the worksal-

most without opposition.

The enemy was found to have fallen back from this part of the line owing to the 6th corps cutting them off, they having reached the South Side railroad early in the morning and were busy tearing it up. This of course cut the rebel army in two, and the 2d division thus caught between the 6th and 2d corps at once started across the and 2d corps, at once started across the South, railroad toward the Appomattox, hoping to be able to ford it, and thus escape capture, but it appears they ran against Sheridan and putting on a bold front made a show to fight. News to this effect reaching headquarters, the 2d division of the 2d corps was at once sent to flank and if possible to capture the entire command. Our losses during the day cannot be given, but it is believed 2,000 will cover them. Many valuable officers are among the lost. Our captures will amount to about 9,000 men and 38 guns including those taken by Gen. Sheridan yesterday. The loss of the enemy is not estimated. They were mown down by hundreds at each effort to regain

Gen. Ransom is badly wounded and a prisoner in our hands. He was found at a house on the Boydstown road, from which it was dangerous to move him. Gen. Hill is reported killed by prisoners.

Petersburg.

WASHINGTON. April 4.—A passenger from City Point, who left there early on the 3d, says late Sunday night our men comys late Sunday night our men com-ed laying a railroad track from Pitkin's Station to Petersburg, a distrnee of three miles, and also began throwing bridges over the river, the former ones hav-

ing been destroyed.
Only a few hours are required to establish communication by telegraph with all

the points.

Very little property was destroyed by the rebels in Petersburg, who, during Sunday night made a hasty retreat.

It was supposed there that Lee was endeavoring to escape by way of the Danville Railroad, and a portion of his army was following in that direction. Lincoln Occupies the Residence of the

PHILADELPHIA, April 4.—The Bulletin of this city has received the following special dispatches: Washington, April 4.—Mrs. Lincoln re-

ceived a dispatch from the President to-day dated as follows: "From Jeff." Davis' late residence at Richmond."

Lee Escapes in two Small Columns. WASHINGTON, April 4.—Correspondence from City Point states that Lee has divided the remnant of his army and is retreating in two small columns.

More Than Twenty-five Thousand Prise

Our prisoners at noon yesterday exceeded 25,000.

The rebel destruction of property on their retreat literally beggars description.

Stragglers and deserters are even in excees of what was anticipated. Richmond.

Washington, April 4.—From the mail-boat which left City Point yesterday at 10 o'clock in the forenoon the Star obtains the following among other items:

Our gunboats have moved up James river and are now engaged in removing ob-

Gen. Wright on entering Richmond was directed by Gen. Grant to allew no one to leave the city or permit any one to enter it who was not connected with the army, or had authority to do so.

The rebels fired the penitentiary in sevt eral places before evacuating the town bu-

he fire was speedily extinguished. More Prisoners than can be Guarded. Over 15,000 prisoners have already been received and others are constantly arriving, in fact there are so many prisoners that a sufficient number of troops could not be spared to guard them.

Speculation. NEW YORK, April 4.—The Commercial's special says: It is regarded by military men as impossible for Lee to escape with anyl considerable part of his forces. It is believed that Weitzel has pushed down with his negro corps on the railroad line from Richmond to Burksville Junction to operate with Grant in heading off Lee.

### North Carolina.

Refugees and Prisoners Arriving at

FORTRESS MONROE, VA., April 2.—The s'eamers Dictator, Delaware and Jersey Blue, arrived here this morning, from Newbern, North Carolina, with an aggregate of 800 rebel prisoners, and about 200 refugees. The condition of these refugees is the most distressing kind, many of them being companied with many of blue. being encumbered with many children; barefooted, ragged, and half starved. They were taken charge of by the Provost Mar-shal, and will be sent North in a few days. The news they bring is unimportant.

The Story in Another Shape. NEWBERN, March 27.—It is reported here that Gen. Sherman took North a proposi-tion from the rebels to unite with the North tion from the rebeis to unite with the North in a foreign war, provided a general pardon is granted to all the insurgents, together with a return of property—the South accepting the amendment abolishing slavery. Sherman's Army.

Thousands of Sherman's sick have covered and joined the army; as also, deachments of new recruits. The Enemy.

The enemy are quiet. Large numbers of deserters come into our lines daily. People from the interior also come in to take the oath faster than they can be acc

The citizens of Goldsboro gave our troops warm welcome. The same feeling exists aroughout the State. On raising the flag over the town hall in Goldsboro, the citizens endeavored to out-to the soldiers in their enthusiasm. Wilmington.

Great distress prevails at Wilmington wing to the large influx of refugees.

Another Rebel Ram. Capt. Newton from Plymouth states that Capt. Newton from Plymouth states that there is a new rebel ram at Halifax, on the Roanoke river, which mounts six two hundred pounders; is plated with seven-inch wrought iron on two feet solid oak. She is expected to be ready to go down the river to Plymouth and into the Sound on the 16th of April. He also says that nearly all the naval officers in the Confederacy, numbering over two hundred, were at Halifax, which is their rendezvous for this State. which is their rendezvous for this State

A Raid Expected. Wade Hampton's cavalry are threaten-ng a raid on our supplies, between Kin-ton and Goldsboro, which promises to be formidable affair. The necessary arrangements for their reception, which will result in Wade's defeat, if not total destruction, are being made.

Quartermaster General Meigs and Gen. Easton, Chief Quartermaster to Gen. Sherman's army, this morning went up to the Sherman's Bummers--Three Men in Line

of Battle.

General Sherman's men have become so elated and fearless over their many victo-ries that each man is an army in himself. Three of them went out the other day some thirty miles in the enemy's country and formed into line of battle! four times repulsing a detachment of thirty men on

each occasion.

Small squads of his men go round the country and keep up a great alarm in their camps day and night. "Cheer, Boys Cheer."

The cars run through daily from here to Our joint armies are all in good cheer and ery happy.

Cavalry Skirmish.

A dispatch from Goldsboro dated April st says: A detachment from Gen. Reilly's ommand was sent out on a reconnoisa found the enemy's cavalry in considerable force, but drove them back some 3 miles. returning without any loss. The rebeing forces are north of Tar River.

Johnston. WASHINGTON, April 4.—A messenger from Goldsboro brings the news that Johnston has swung to a new position between Goldsboro and Weldon. Sherman will take

# The Battle of Five Forks.

An Allegorical and Rhetorical Descrip-tion, Profusely and Superlatively Illus-trated, by the Ornamental Correspondent of the New York World.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The World has a graphic account of the battle of Five Forks, which was the turning point in the great hip, will take rank with anything on rec

It appears that Grant was not satisfied with the days' business on Friday, and placed Sheridan at once in supreme com-mand of the whole of Warren's corps and all the cavalry. Sheridan maneuvered with his cavalry, dismounting a portion in front of the rebels, and gradually pressed them back into their works, under the most desperate and terrible fighting of the war. While this was being done, and done closely, by order, General Sheridan set about forming the infantry, showing the same genius in infantry tactics that he has in cavalry. It was a marvel to see so small a all the cavalry. Sheridan maneuvered in cavalry. It was a marvel to see so small a force of cavalry press back and hold in check 16,000 rebel infantry, still they did it, and in such a manner as to completely hide the movement of our infantry. They were drawn back step by step to their works; then the signal was given, and the infantry closed on the works like a huge barndoor.

The rebels saw their situation but did not the works appreciate how despreads were

The rebels saw their situation but did not appear to appreciate how desperate were their circumstances.

They fell back to the left only to see four lines of battle waiting to drive them across the field. At the right horsemen charged them in their vain attempt to fight out, and in their rear foot and cavalry began to assemble, A slant fire, a cross fire and direct fire—a fire by file and by battery rolled perpetually, cutting down their bravest ofperpetually, cutting down their bravest of-ficers and strewing the field with bleeding nen. Their own artillery wasturned upon

At the last the bodies of cavalry mounted their parapet and charged down upon them, slaying and trampling them into confusion. They had no commanders to lead them out of the toil into which they had fallen. A few more volleys, a few more charges with the command to die or to surrender, and five thousand muskets \$64,016, 631 75; the amount bearing interest in coin, is \$1,100,361,241 80, the interest being \$64,016, 631 75; the amount bearing interest

### Raiders from Canada. PROCLAMATION BY THE SECRE. TARY OF STATE.

One Thousand Dollars Reward.

The following was promulgated by the Secretary of State:
To all whom these presents may come; Whereas, for some time past evil disposed persons have crossed the borders of the United States, and entered their ports by the past from countries where they are tolerate. United States, and entered their ports by sea, from countries where they are tolerated, and have committed capital felonies against the property and life of American citizens, as well in the cities as in the rural districts of the country. Now, therefore, in the name, and by authority of the President of the United States, I do hereby make known, that a reward of \$1,000 will be paid at this Department for the capture for each such offender, on his conviction by a civil or military court, to whomsoever may arrest, and the like reward to be paid on the same terms for the capture of any on the same terms for the capture of any such persons so entering the United States, whose offenses shall be committed subsequently to the publication of this notice.

A reward of \$500 will be paid, on conviction for the tion, for the arrest of such persons who shall have aided and abetted offenders of

tion, for any shall have aided and abetted the class before named within.

By the authority of the United States, dated at Washington this 4th day of April, W. H. SEWARD,

Secretary of State. Secretary of State.

### Florida.

Gen. Newton's Expedition.

CAIRO, April 4.—New Orleans dates of the 29th ult. have been received. There is little inquiry for cotton. No sales and market dull. sales and market dull.

The expedition up the St. Marys river, Fla., under Gen. Newton, was but partially successful. It encountered a superior force of rebels and drove them, but returned without prosecuting the object of the expedition to the end. All the rebel government property in Newport, including the shot and shell factory, was burned. The extensive salt works on the coast was destroyed. Entire Federal loss, one. Fortyseven deserters came in and reported them seven deserters came in and reported them-selves. The enemy's loss exceeded four hundred.

### Free Tennessee.

The Legislature Organized. NASHVILLE, April 4.—The House of Representatives convened at 9 A. M. to-day. After voting several times for Speaker, Mr. After voting several times for Speaker, Mr. Edmund Cooper, one of the candidates, withdrew, and Mr. Heiskell, of Knox county, was nomited, and on the first ballot was declared elected, the vote being, Heiskell 37, Hood 29, Cooper 1, and Dillion 1. The other officers of the House were then elected. Both Houses are now fully organized. Mr. Cooper offered a resolution that the rules for the government of the proceedings of the House shall be the rules of 1859. After a motion to count the votes for Governor at 3 P. M., the House adjourned. River five feet and falling slowly.

### Georgia.

A Movement against Augusta Intended. New York, April 4.—The Commercial says it is reasonable to suppose that we may hear soon of a movement on Augusta, via Savannah river. Soon after Shermau left, a line of couriers between Augusta and Columbia was started, and by this means communication was established with Richmond.

# Financial and Commercial.

Review of the Day.

Few York, April 4.—The gold room continues entirely devoid of interest. There is no disposition to sell short on the news. The quotations have ranged from 148, the opening price, down to 146%. Sales of the Seven-Thirty Loan. PHILADELPHIA, April 4.—J. Cooke's report of the Seven-Thirty Loan to-day, is 2,075,000.

Gold. NEW YORK, April 4.—Gallaghers 147

## The Markets.

New York Grain and Produce Market. NEW YORK, April 4.—COTTON—Unsettled and lower at 26'037c for middling.
FLOUR—Dull and heavy; \$8'08 70 for extra State, \$8 56 26037c for middling.
FLOUR-Dull and heavy; \$3@8 70 for extra State, \$8 50
@8 60 for round-hoop Ohio, and \$8 6569 75 for trade
brands, the market closing heavy, wi,h sales of extra
State rumored at considerable under inside figures.
WHISKY-Quiet and rather more steady; Western \$2 12 @2 13.
GRAIN—Wheat very dull. Buyers and sellers are too far apart, Last evening 7,000 bushels winter red westean sold at \$1 30. Rye dull. Barely lower. Corn dull and heavy at \$1 3304 124 for new yellow, and \$1 6006 1 524 for prime old Western yellow. Oats dull and heavy at \$2@86c for the range. he range. Wook-Dull.

WOOL—Dull,
PETROLEUM—38c for crude, 52c for refined in bond, and
PETROLEUM—38c for crude, 52c for refined in bond, and
The for refined free.
PROVISIONS—Pork firmer and more active; 700 bbls sold
at \$25 50627 for new mess, closing at \$27 50 regular way,
\$22624 for '63-64 do, cash and regular way, closing at \$24
cash, \$23 506224 for prime, and \$25 50626 50 for prime mess.
Boof dull; sales of 330 bbls at \$12 50617 for prain mess,
\$16 50621 for extra mess. Beef hams \$21 50624. Cut
meats quiet at 14%616c for shoulders, and 15616c for
hams. Bacen dull at 14½614% for Cumberland cut, and
15%615%c for long ribbed.
LABD—Quiet and steady.
BUTTER—Dull and unsettled.

New York Money and Stock Market. NEW YORK, April 4.-Money-Market easy at 6@7 per STERLING EXCHANGE—Dull and nominal at 109@109½.
GOLD—A shade firmer and ruled steady, opening at 147¼
dvancing to 147¼, declining to 146½, and closing at 74/@108.

47%@108.
Government Stocks—Firm, with fair demand.
Stocks—Heary; U. S. 6's, 5-20 coupons, 105%; U. S. 6's
81, coupons, 105%; U. S. 5's, 10-40 coupons, 91%; U. S. one
rear certificates, 98%; Ohio and Mississippi certificates
12%; Fort Wayne 79; Pacific Mail 280; New York Central
884; Eric 88%; Hudson 95%; Reading 93%; Michigan
Southern 55%; Pittsburg 55%; Northwestern 23½.

Cincinnati Grain and Produce Market. CINCINNATI, April 4, P. M.—FLOUR—Dull at \$6 70647 Provisions—Nothing doing; mess pork offered at \$27@.

Bulk meats 13% to 14%c.

Lard—17c; buyers out of market.

SKED—Claver do!! SEED-Clover dull. Golp-143@145. Silver 133@135.

## SPECIAL TO WEST'RN PRESS

Commercial Matters in N. York. Review of the Day.

New York, April 4.—Railroad specula-tion buoyant at the Stock Exchange. This forenoon there was a further large advance on some of the leading shares, while the whole market was much stronger. There was a perfect rush for stocks and a large whole market was much stronger. There was a perfect rush for stocks and a large business was done, especially in cash stocks. Government gold bonds were firmer, especially 5:20's. State bonds and bank shares are all strong and higher. Gold speculation gained strength as the day advanced and touched the highest point of the morning. Cash gold is worth ½ per cent more than regular.

The demand for money is extremely moderate and the supply steadily increasing. Petroleum stocks firmer and in more demand; Commonwealth, 4; Excelsior, 420; Manhattan, 50; Rynd farm, 340; Oceanica, 138; Tack, 730; Germania, 74; Buchanan farm, 125; U. S., 855, Petroleum market steady; sales of Crude at 37½@38; Refined bond, 52@53; Free, 71@72.

There is a general duliness in the dry goods trade. The city is full of country merchants but there is a general indisposition to buy. Domestic cotton fabrics heavy under the constant decline in raw material. Prints I cent lower to-day.

New York, April 4.—At Gallagher's Exchange this evening gold was 47%; New York Central 86%; Erie 524; Reading, 924; Hudson 92; Illinois Central 94%; Pittsburg 56; Rhode Island 84%; Northwestern 49%; Fort Wayne 83; Ohio certificates 21%; Mariposa 14%. Gold steady; stocks not very active.

were thrown simultaneously on the ground, five thousand men are Sheridan's prisoners. Those who escaped were pursued by the fiery Custar, and they were pressed far into the desolate forest.

Decider from Canada in 1 awful money \$751,055,128 29, the interest being \$38, 819,899 43; debt on which interest has ceased, \$34,542 009; debt bearing United States interest \$515,189,287 16; total amount outstanding, \$236,695,407,734; total amount of lawful money and gold, \$10,283,653,118.

653,118.

The followidg is the amount of legal tender notes afloat: one and two years' five per cent. notes, \$69,522,350; United States notes, old is ue, \$492,104; United States notes, new issue, \$32,668,465; coupound interest notes, act March 3d, 1863, \$15,000,000; compound interest notes, act June 30, 186s, \$14,187,760; amount of fractional currency is \$24,254,094; unpaid requisitions, \$114,206,549; amount in Treasury, \$56,481,900.

### The Very Latest.

Grant Closely Pursuing Lee-Official Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT, April 4-11 P. M.— To Major General Dix.—The following tele-gram from Grant has just reached this de-partment. At what hour to-day it left him does not appear, but probably in the afterdetails of casualties have been noon. No details of casualities have been received, but they are expected to-morrow. The statement that official information has been received of Gen. Custar's being killed is not true. He was unharmed lest evening.

E. M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

Secretary of War.

Wilson Station, Va., March 4.—Hon.

E. M. Stanton: The army is pushing forward, in hopes of overtaking or dispersing the remainder of Lee's army.

Sheridan's cavalry and the 5th corps are between this and the Appomattox.

Gen. Mead, and the 2d and 6th corps are following on a line with the Southside railroad. All of the enemy that retains anything like an organization have gone north of the Appomattox, and apparently in the direction of Lynchburg.

Their losses have been very heavy.

Their losses have been very heavy.

The houses throughout the country are nearly all used as hospitals for the wounded and injured. Every deserter I hear of says the rebel soldiers are rushing for their homes, some in large and some in small numbers, and generally without arms.

Our cavalry pursued so closely that the enemy has probably been forced to destroy a great part of their transports, caisons, and munitions of war. The number of prisoners captured yesterday excee two thousand. From the 28th of Mar to the present time our loss in killed wounded, and captured will probably reach about 7000, of whom from 500 to 2000 were captured and many slightly wounded. I shall continu pursuit as long as there appears to be any use of it.

U. S. Grant, Lt. Gen.

### Sherman.

Mails for Sherman's Army.

An order, of which this is a copy, has been approved by Gen. Sherman: NewBern, March 30.—Mails for officers and soldiers in the army now with Major General Sherman, will, after this date, be sent to Fortress Monroe for distribution. No mails for civilians will be delivered unless addressed to the care of some officer officer to whom they are personally known. A Serious Raid by Thirty Rebels.

The Tribune's Goldsboro correspondent of the 30th says the first serious attempt at raiding around our lines since our occupa-tien, was made by about thirty of Hamp-ton's cavalry on the right and certer. Our line extends north from Moseby Hall, a distance of eight miles. A party of 100 mounted men belonging to Kilpatrick's cavalry had been out on a scouting and to cavary had been out on a scouling and to raging expedition, when they fell in with a party of Hampton's cavalry, who attacked them, and a sharp skirmish followed, our men fighting and falling back. A squad of the 23d. Michigan arrived just in time to save our men, who were outnumbered three to one. They checked the rebel cavalry. One of our men killed, and one wounded We captured 2 prisoner, 2 or 3 killed and as many wounded. On the field a detail was sent out from the 2d brigade to bring in our own and the rebels wounded, and to bury the dead.

## Rumors and Opinions.

3 Lee and Johnston will be Crushed. New York, April 4.—The Herald, editorially, thinks Lee's retreat will prove a rout. It says Lee will endeavor to cross Grant's line in order to join Johnston, who, of course, will retreat toward a certain point on Lee's line to facilitate a junction. From all appearances an utter destruction of the all appearances an utter destruction of the forces under Lee and Johnston is plain within a short time between Grant, Sherman and Sheridan, leaving Thomas out of

the question. Proteus Redivivus.

The Herald's Washington special claims to be informed by high official in govern-ment that in the early part of last week Jeff Davis made direct overtures to Mr. Lin-coln to surrender everything to the United States Government on condition that all States Government on condition that all who have taken part in the rebellion should be restored to citizenship. If that would be granted they would give up. The Presidents reply was that he didn't have power to grant that point. Thus ended that peace negotiation, and the fight commenced within 48 hours efferwerds. within 48 hours afterwards.

# Washington.

Freat Rejoioing at the Capital-Enthus!-astic Meeting at the Patent Office. Washington, April 4.—In accordance with a recommendation from the Secretary of War, the Executive mansion, the Capitol and all the Departments and other public buildings and city were to-night illuminated, and each in a blaze of light was exhib ited in its becautiful proportions. Flags, adornments and appropriate mottoes were conspicuously displayed.

Hancock's headquarters were brilliant with gas and tastefully adorned with flags

and colored lanterns. Bands of music played for several hours. Heads af Departments and other officers of the government tastefully adorned and illuminated their residences, and many sojourners gave similar evidence of their rejoicing. The newspaper press including the correspondent ilar evidence of their rejoicing. The newspaper press, including the correspondents for different papers, contributed their share to the light and stars and stripes. Thousands attended the meeting where speeches were made by Secretary Usher, Judge Carter, Senators Yates and Williams, Hon. Y. C. Smith and Vice-President Johnson. The latter made a long and interesting UNION speech, in which he said he'd live down all slanders which had been uttered against him.

tered against him.

He said all traitors should be punished as examples to those who might hereafter atte npt the overthrow of free government. Ours would continue to exist in spite of traitors and foreign governments.

Other speakers addressed the meeting, and there was frequent heavy applause.

Several impromptu public meetings were held in other parts of the city.

## Richmond.

Recruiting Colored Troops. Major Taggart of the colored troops left to-day for Richmond to establish in that city a branch of his office to facilitate the ization of companies from among the colored recruits.

Stores for Richmond.

The propeller Rebecca Barton, Captain Skillinger, left this afternoon with a cargo of stores for the medical and engineer de-partment, bound for Richmond, being the first Union vessel that has cleared for that port since the breaking out of the war. The Post Office.

Immediate measures will be taken to re-establish the post offices in Richmond and Vessels have arrived here to-day bring ing about 1000 wounded from the late bat tles. Others will arrive to-morrow.

April Fool. NEW YORK, April 4.—A special to the World says that when the messenger brought the information of the success of our right the President refused to believe it and accused the messenger of alleging an and accused the messenger of alleging an April fool trick.

Narrow Escape of Jeff Davis. Davis and his family, with other rebel of-ficers and their families, did not leave Richmond till Menday morning. Had Weitzel's treeps pushed on to the depot the party-might have been captured.

Danville will be the capital of the fugitive Confederate.

CHRISTIAN'S MISTAKE-The new novel, by the popular author of John Halifax, is published in attractive style by the Harpers, and is for sale by Civill & Calvert

Price \$1 50. If you want good Ink, keep it good. Buy the best. Then buy a Goot Vent. tf

### HOTEL ARRIVALS. UNITED STATES.

J C Johnson Surg 150d Ia Geo W Clark, vin H Heilery, Str Ruth Robt Hamilton, Knoxv'e A Flynn, Nashville A C Pond, Detroit B H Hall, Mich Capt R H Litson,

M D Ten

Lafayette Nixon, Frank Howard, Frank Wyant, Sam E Calvert, Lt Geo W Talaner, A McLellan, Lt J A Figget & Lady, Mrs Sarah Baugh, Lt J A Figget & Lady,
Mrs Sarah Baugh,
G M Hibber, Nashv'le
H D Howell, Brooklym
John Annin, Jersey City
C B Watts,
Elijah Board, Hardinsb'g
Capt A A Dingley & Lady,
A U Austin, Foint Lick
E M Russel, Lexington
A C Black, Arincefon
W M Green, Jameston
B T Quinn, Scott co
T J Stevenson, Georgetow
U C Oliver, Anderson co J C Oliver, Anderson co Miss Buntree, do Maj B S Dartt, 7th Pa cav C A Patterson, Hammon

ville Ky
G W Hightaugh, do
W G Patterson, Shelb

### \$300 BOUNTY OFFERED BY THE MCGILL CLUB IN CASH

In Addition to the U. S. Bounty! The McGill Club offer a bounty of \$300 each for twenty-five recruits.

New York House.—For Gent's Furnishing Goods, cheapest and best, go to the New York House, 333 Third street, near Jefferson, east side. Good Socks Silk Neck Ties, fine White Shirts, Traveling Shirts. Other oods low in proportion. Call and examine

vert.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE FOR APRIL has been received by Civill & Calvert. tf

# candidate for Congress to represent the Fourth Dis

HATS AT

GREEN'S.

MAIN AND FOURTH STS.,

CAPS. RETAIL TRADE, TAKE NOTICE: TUST RECEIVED AT THE NEW YORK HOUSE, NO. 233, Third street, between Market and Jefferson, a barke and well selected stock of GENTS: FURNISHING GOODS, direct rom New York, which we offer to the retail trade at reduced prices. Call and examine for your-selves.

# SCOTT, DAVISON & CO.



Successors to Scott, Keen & Co.,) Wholesale and Retail Dealers

# MEN & BOYS' FINE CLOTHING FURNISHING GOODS. Corner of Sixlh and Main Streets,

AND CAPS

Louisville, Ky.

AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

# GOLD PRICES.

I HAVE A LARGE AND SELECT STOCK OF HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, suitable for the Spring trade, and I am constantly adding to the same, which I offer at PRICES CORRESPONDING WITH THE DROLLINE IN GOLD.

Wm. F. Osborn. 225 MAIN ST., BET. SECOND AND THIRD.

BOOTS AND SHOES. TO BOOT AND SHOE DEALERS.

WE ARE DAILY IN RECKIPT OF GOODS IN OUR line adapted to the season, to which the attention of the trade is invited. We have also on hand and are receiving lots of goods, which are offered at low prices—less than present cost of manufacturing—to close consign ments. The attention of merchants purchasing boots and shoes is invited to the above.

> INGALLS & CO. 436 MAIN STREET.

Best Brands of Chewing and Smoking ATC. G. TACHAU & BRO.'S,

nooga, J.C. McNeal, B. Green Miss N. Roberts, W. Ross, Nashville T. A. Dep, Logan, port

Apply at 307 Green street, between Third and Fourth. S. B. McGILL, Treas.

"Yours, truin," Subscriptions received for all of the Reviews and Magazines, by Civill & Cal-

JAMES & HILL.

AUGUST ELECTION. M. C. TAYLOR, late colon 1 of the 15th Kentucky, is a

FURNISHING COODS.



and 186 freight cars.

At 8:30 this morning General Grant telegraphed from Sutherland Station, ten mfles from Petersburg toward Burksville, that Gen. Sheridan had picked up 1,200 prisoners to-day, and from 3,000 to 5,000 more had been gathered by our troops.

The majority of the arms that were left in the hands of Lee's army are now scattered between Richmond and where his troops now are. The country is also full of stragglers. The line of retreat is marked with artillery, ammunition, burned or charred glers. The line of retreat is marked artillery, ammunition, burned or charred wagons, caissons, ambulances, &c.

E. M. STANTON,

Secretary of War.

SATURDAY'S FIGHTING—THE ATTACK ON PETERSBURG—SHERIDAN ON THE SOUTH-SIDE RAILROAD.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Of Saturdays's operations, the Tribune's correspondent says: At 7 A. M., the 5th corps was again in motion, passing to the left along White Oak road to join Sheridan in executing the difficult movement of marching by flank in presence of the enemy, withdrawing divisions in the rear of each other, and marching them off successfully from right to left.

The left division, Crawford's, executed the same movement by brigade. While the same movement by brigade. While this was taking place the 2d corps moved toward White Oak road by a more direct route and established connection with the right of the 5th corps.

Meanwhile Sheridan, with four cavalry directors received are with left of the

Meanwhile Sheridan, with four cavary divisions, passing around the left of the whole army, went through Dinwiddie Court House, and toward the Southside railroad, with his usual rapidity. The force which drove Crawford and Ayers across Gravelly run, however, at once turned their

Moving rapidly to the right, and after a desperate conflict, he was also forced back within a mile of Dinwiddie C. H., but be-ing joined by Warren's corps he again took offensive, and in turn drove the enemy, and captured a position known as Five Forks, together with about 4,000 prisoners

and several batteries of artillery.

He was then joined by Miles' division of the 2d corps, and pushed westward for the Southside railroad. This he soon reached and took position on it. The 5th corps, supporting the cavalry, took 15 guns and about 2,000 prisoners, enabling Sheridan to drive back the force which on Friday checked his advance near Dinwiddie Court

On receiving this news it was determined to give the enemy no time to send troops to their right, and at once a simultaneous attack was ordered all along the lines by the 9th, 6th, 24th, 8th and 2d corps.

An order was given about nine o'clock at night, and in less than an hour a furious assault begun on the rebel introphenium.

ssault begun on the rebel intrenchments in front of their several commands, result-ing in the enemy being driven in confusion from their first into their second line of works, with the loss of over 5,000 prisoners, several forts, and about 20 pieces of

artillery.

The 2d corps were engaged all day in their front, and, in spite of the terrible fire of musketry poured into their ranks behind their works, succeeded in maintaining their new line, several hundred yards in advance of the line they occupied in the morn-ing. The 24th corps occupied the center of our line, its left connecting with the 2d at Hatcher's Run, and its right going to the left of the 6th corps.

Before daylight on Sunday morning, the

rebels made a furious assault on the posi-tion of this line, driving a portion of the 3d brigade from their breastworks, and capturing about one hundred. Their success, however, did not last long. The 20th Penn-

back beyond their first battle line.

A sharp fire was kept up all day by both sides. Owing to the hot fire of our sharp-shooters, the enemy was unable to work his guns; consequently very few casualties occurred to our side from shells. Our batteries, however, rained an incessant fire in

the corps until night, when considerable shelling occurred. Quiet also reigned in front of the 9th corps. So matters sto d front of the 9th corps. So matters sto d looked upon with wonder and admiration until 10 o'clock, when the 2d corps was until 10 o'clock, when the 2d corps was started into sharper attention by a few shots on their front, soon swelling into battling volleys, the batteries joined in the clamor, the firing spread rapidly to the front of the 24th corps and on to the 6th, then away to the right until it reached the 9th corps about 11 o'clock, at which time the fighting was at its hight.

as the most perfect and at the same time the most gigantic specimen of steamboat architecture that ever floated the waves of the Ohio or Mississippi. Her accommodations are unequalled for luxury and comfort, and her precautions and defenses against fire or accident are so perfect that no accident need be apprehended on her. The Tvrone and Columbia came in from

broke out again, nearer then ever to the The Irene, Capt. Darby, started to Nash-beard far to the right, and again the crash of battle sped from end to end of the lines.

The Irene, Capt. Darby, started to Nash-ville yesterday morning, having 4,000 bags of corn, and 450 bales of hay to take in on

The World's correspondent recounts the attack on the Petersburg defenses. It was to take place on Friday morning at four o'clock, but the failure on cur left was doubtless the cause of its postponement.

The plan of this last phase of the action was this: Grant, on receipt of the news of Sheridan's victory at Five Forks, immediately despatched couriers, in conjunction with the telegraph leading to his headquarters, to each of the corps commanders, desiring them, without loss of time, to open with both artillery and infantry upon the works at Petersburg.

Sheridan, it will be remembered, attained his success by half-past 7 Saturday night.

Out dispatches announce the loss of the Bertram in the Missouri river on Saturday last, above Omaha. She was bound for Fort Benton, and ran over a snag, involving a loss of \$50,000, as it was thought the boat would prove a total loss.

An investigation of the explosion of the

Sheridan, it will be remembered, attained his success by half-past 7 Saturday night. At 9, Grant hearing it, and before 10, our columns had passed the picket line, and were on their way to the rebel intrenchments. Parke on the right, Wright in the center, and Ord on the left, marched at the

The 6th corps (Wright's) was arranged in double line of battle, and without ceremony they threw themselves en masse in the ditch and up the parapet. The contest was short though terrible, and desperate hand to hand conflicts occurred—the deadly bayonet charge, and impressive and fitted. onet charge, and impressive and fitful onet charge, and impressive and fitful crashes of musket and revolver. When our troops poured an enfilading fire down the inside of the parapet the yells and aroans of the enemy were most horrible. The ditches were heaped with living and dying combantants tumbled together promiscuouly, but ever now and then Northern cheers told how the conflict went. On each side of the 6th corns the scene was the each side of the 6th corps the scene was the

OCCUPATION OF PETERSBURG. FORTRESS MONROE, April 3, via BALTI-MORE, April 4.—The mail steamer dictator arrived from City Point at 4:30 this evening and brings additional particulars of the great struggle. Petersburg was occupied by our troops at 3 o'clock on Monday morn-ing.

on the james river, and it was thought that a fight had taken place with the rebel iron-clads. Large forces were seen up james river last night towards Fort Darling and in the vicinity of the rebel works, from which fact it was inferred that Lee was abandoning his works and retreating from his long established lines.

The Prisoners.

An immense number of prisoners have been captured, variously estimated from 15,000 to 18,000.

Prisoners are continually arriving at City Point, and it is estimated there was 15,000 there this morning. When the steamer left a salute was being fired by all the vessels at the Point.

EXCHANGES,

The New Albany and Evansville papers steal our items continually, and never give credit.

The Gen. Lytle is the swift morning line mail boat to-day for Cincinnati and the East. She starts at noon, providing comfortably for passengers.

The evening packet for Cincinnati to-day is the Nick Longworth. She starts at four o'clock.

I'The Wren, Capt. Sanders, is the regular and punctual packet for Madison, Carroll-ton and Cedar Lock, Kentucky river, this afternoon. She starts at 3 o'clock.

The Phantom, Alex. Spurs, and Argonaut arrived at Nashville Sunday, and the J. S. Pringle departed for the Ohio.

The star Grey Eagle is the regular packet this evening for Evansville and Henderson. She starts from the city wharf at 5 o'clock.

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vessels at the Point.

EXCHANGES.

The steamer Cossack arrived here to-day with a large number of Union prisoners, including Gen. McLaughlin, and men of his brigade, captured with him by the rebels in the assault on Fort Stedman. Such was the haste of the rebels in hurrying the Union prisoners through Richmond on Sunday, that, in many cases, many were not even paroled.

Sunday, that, in many cases, many were not even paroled.

The returned prisoners say that in coming through Richmond Sunday they saw a manifest indication of the evacuation of the evacuation of the first part of the same and t

PROGRESS OF THE GREAT VICTORY.—OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—To Major-General Dix: Full particulars, dated City Point,
April 4th, 8 A. M., gives the latest information received from Richmond:
Gen. Weitzel telegraphs from Richmond, that of the railroad stock he found there 28 locomotives, 44 passenger and baggage cars, and 186 freight cars.

At 8:30 this morning General Grant telegraphed from Sutherland Station, ten miles from Petersbnrg toward Burksville, that Gen. Sheridan had picked up 1,200 prison-

### GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

New York, April 4.—A fire occurred in Farnam street, Brooklyn, last night, in the Parafine Factory of Sanders & Co. The roof feel in, and, it is reported, buried from six to eight new in the major to eight new in the same and six to eight men in the ruins, mostly fire-

men.
At the fire in Brooklyn this morning, by the falling of the walls and roof of the burning building it is ascertained that twenty firemen were precipitated into the

LOCAL ELECTIONS IN OHIO, CINCINNATI, April 4.—The whole Union ticket was elected by about seven thousand majority; only two-thirds of the votes were At Columbus the Union men elected six

out of nine councilmen. The vote for Mayor

At Dayton the entire Union ticket was TENNESSEE.

The new Tennessee Legislature convened at Nashville yesterday. Wm. Heiskell was appointed chairman. Six ballots were cast for Speaker without result. THE BERTRAM SUNK-ST. LOUIS ELECTION.

St. Louis, April 4.—The steamer Ber-tram, bound for Fort Benton on the upper Missouri, with a valuable cargo, sunk above Omaha on Saturday. The boat and cargo are a total loss. The boat was valued at The entire radical city ticket was elected yesterday by three thousand majority.

THE RIVER.
CINCINNATI, April 4—M.—The river has risen three feet. Some rain fell last night, and the weather now is mild and cloudy.

### RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVALS. TUPSDAT, April 4. Maj. Anderson, Cincinnati. Bermuda, Nashville.
Gen. Bu-il.
Lorena. Pittsburg. Trone.
Gem, Wheeling. Columbia.
Blue Wing No. 3, Ry. river. Grey Eagle, Henderson.

DEPARTURES. Maj. Andersov, Cincinnati.
Gev. Buell, "Morning Star, Henderson
Palestine, Nashville,
Irene, "Gem, "

THE RIVER was steadily rising yester day, with ten feet nine inches water in the canal in the evening by the mark. During the previous twenty-four hours it had risen nine inches at the head of the falls, and twenty-seven inches at Portland. The weather was warm yesterday, with very heavy rains the night previous.

On the falls last evening there were scant eight feet steamboat water in the Indian chute, and eight feet nine inches water in The river at Cincinnati yesterday had risen three feet, with a prospect of a good rise in that quarter from Pittsburg and the

intermediate tributaries.
The Star Grey Eagle, from Henderson, came in early yesterday afternoon, ascending the 'alls through the middle chute.

We mentioned the "Tarascon" yesterday as the Henderson packet. It should have been the Morning Star. The wild Tarascon is on the Lake, between New Orleans and Mobile.

The Ruth, the wonder of the West in point of size and magnificence, has had her de parture to New Orleans deferred until this evening. She went over to New Albany yesterday to take in a lot of freicht, and be

admired by our New Albany neighbors, as well as to make a trial of her machinery.

The Ruth in charge of Capt. George Pegram, her owner and commander, starts direct to New Orleans this evening from There was little fighting on account of the th corps until night, when considerable helling occurred. Quiet also reigned in ront of the 9th corps. So matters sto d

direct to New Orleans this evening from Portland, and having most of her cargo engaged will meet with but little delay along the route. Wherever she goes she will be looked upon with wonder and admiration.

\$200.

800NE-10 hhds low grade at \$165 70, 5 hhds at \$660 790, 4 at \$11 50@17 50, and 3 at \$17 75@19.

LOUISVILLE-3 hhds trashy lugs at \$125 to 5 10, 2 at \$10 7 50, 2 at \$10

was at its hight.

Presently cheers broke out on the front of the 2d, as the fire slackened. By 2:30 the fire had nearly ceased along the whole line, but at four in the morning, it suddently better the former has 508 bales of cotton for reshipment to Cincin-

At six o'clock the battle was raging furiusly, but our colors were advancing all along the line.

The World's correspondent recounts the of this city, will be found courteous and courte out the country of this city, will be found courteous and courte out the country of this city, will be found courteous and courte out the country of this city, will be found courteous and courte out the country of this city, will be found courteous and courte out the country of this city, will be found courteous and courte out the country of this city, will be found courteous and courte out the country of the courte out the country of the courte out the courte

An investigation of the explosion of the Eclipse has been instituted at Nashville. The quartermaster at (incinnati has 45. 000 boxes of hard bread and requisitions of clothing for six months for the Army of the Cumberland, which are only delayed by par-

The Hard Times, for Nashville, took 2,000 boxes of bread at Cincinnati on Government account. The Prima Donna, for Nashville, is due, with a tow of four barges and 7,300 bbls

salt, brought from Pomeroy by the Lady Pike, which will take the place of the Prima Donna, in loading on Government The Darling, from Memphis, passed Cairo Sunday night, with 150 bales of cotton for Encinnati, and 200 bales for Evansville.
The Bertha, Guidon and Hard Times will

each take 70 tuns of Government hay from Lawrenceburg.
At Cincinnati the John Kilgour arrived from Wheeling Monday evening, having been out twen y-four hours. The New Albany and Evansville papers

steal our items continually, and never give

The barque Mary Roberts, going to sea, passed Cairo Saturday.

The Mississippi at St. Louis on Monday was falling with twenty feet water in the channel.

IMPORTS BY THE RIVER.

cotton seed, 6 bbls syrup, 78 pkgs mdse, consignees; 1,700 bgs oats. Christy & Co. bgs oats, Christy & Co.

CINCINNATI, PER MAJ. ANDERSON.—185 pkgs
drugs, 40 bags mait, 3 baskets wins, 17 bxs shots, 100 oxp
pkgs, 33 bbls potatoes 40 bbls rye flour, 48 pkgs fight, 25
pkgs cotton seed, 35 sheets boiler iron, 16 bdls iron, 6 ornis:
ware, 5 bbls segs, 4 els manilla rope, 20 bbls potatoes,
owners; 3 bbls secans, 25 bgs oxton seed, P, Wiard & Co;
227 pkgs fruit, T, Sona Co. 21 tex hams, M. & A; 20 boxes
essence coffee, 5 bgs frice; Hutchings, Duncan & Co! 65 bgs
coffee, 25 bx glass, 139 bags cats, 186 pkgs mdse, 14 kgs
soda, 2 bbls inquor, 20 tubs butter, 5 bbls oil, 181 pkgs mdse
consignees.

NASHVILLE, PER BERMUDA.—97 hhds tobacco, consigness, 153 bdls green hides, J C. consignees, 13 bdls green hides, J C.

KENTUCKY RIVER, PER BLUE WING NO. 3.—135
bdls spokes, 66-bls bay, 200 bbls floar, 48 bgs bran, owners;
30 bbls apples, Caffrey; 46 hhds tobacco, warehouses.

NASHVILLE, PER COLUMBIA.—24 bls cotton, Erwin
114 do do, R. NASHVILLE, PER TYRONE.—208 bls cott 'n for Oin-

# COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE UNION PRESS, TUESDAY EVENING, April 4, 1865. There has been nothing of moment transpiring in the There has been nothing of moment transpiring in the market to-day, and we remark a general duliness pervading all departments of business, excepting the usual city and country trade. The sales of groceries, &c., by jobbers was rather active, but nothing doing in the regular black below the property of the country trade. lar wholesale trade. Prices rule remarkably low, much lower than at any time for over a year, with, however, a somewhat firmer feeling in the market to-day for leading articles of groceries, which, I ke nearly everything else, are governed by the fluctuations of gold. The weather to-day, after very heavy rains during the night previous, has cleared off warmer, with indications this evening of more rain. The river, under the influence of the heavy rains, has again commenced swelling, and was rising

There was no excitement in the money market to-day excepting that currency is extremely scarce, and the banks are closely hoarding all their resources, and extending but few facilities, excepting to their regular customers. Vouchers are rather a drag on the market, and very difficult to get off at 10@12 per cent. discount. Gold was a little firmer to-day, the opening rate in New York, as we learn by the brokers' dispatches, being 147, advancing to 1475 at 11 A. M., and closing at 148%. The buying rate here to-day was from 145 to 146, and selling at 148@ 150, but the following is abut the range of quotations:

143 8@12 dis.

COTTON YARNS -The market has again declined COAL-Retail sales of Pittsburg at 30c per bushef de livered. Pomeroy to boats, delivered, at 25c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—We gate green apples at \$3.50 per bbl, for choice selected. Dried apples range from 10 to 12c for new per lb; dried peaches 25@28c. Butter, 26@28c, in boxes or firkins; choice, 30@33c. Beeswar nominalat 45@50c. Brooms, common,\$4 75@5 25, best Shaker, and Louisville, \$6 75@7 00 \$ doz. Cheese—Western Reserve, in lots, 21@21½c to the trade, and 22c to retailers; Hamburg 22@22½c. Dairy cheese, choice, 23@24c. Feathers dull, and buyers are offering 50@52c. Flax seed nominal auli, and outpers are onering Soggio. Flax seed hominal at \$2 (60%) 205. Ginseng nominal at 75@85c. Beans nominal at \$2 25 for white. Pctatoes rather quiet at \$1 50@4 75 for common, while choice Northern command \$5 00 in lots, and smaller sales at \$5 10. Onions scarce at \$7 0.@58 00 \$2 barrel. Eggs we note at 20222c per dozen for fresh packed. FLOUR AND GRAIN—The market continues dull, with only sales of flour to the home trade in small lots at \$6.73

@7 00 for superfine, and \$8 00@8 75 for extra family, while plain extra in round lots was offered at \$7 25@7 50. Wheat is unchanged and scarce at \$1 65@1 75. Corn nominal a 98 to \$1 00 in lots. Oats we quote at 70@80c, rye \$1 00 per bushel, and barley \$12:@1 35.

GROCERIES—There was a bettef feeling for Rio coffee to-day, with dispatches that it commanded 20c in gold in New York. Limited sales were made at 32@32\(\frac{1}{2}\)c, and a lot

of 20 bags at 32%c. New Orleans sugar may be quoted at 18 @20c, and quiet. Island, raw, sugars range from 14 to 16c. Hard refined, and in bbls, 20c. Plantation molasses \$1 20@1 30, with no sales, while Eastern syrups range from 85c to \$1 30, as to package and quality.

HAY—The market is rather dull, with sales of ba'ed imothy in lots at \$27@28 per ton, and small sales from

WHISKY-We quote raw, or steam, nominal at LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

Tuesday.—The sales at the auction warehouses are acreasing, though prices rule rather low, the sales

PICKETT—6 hhdstrashy lugs at \$4@4 25, 7 hhds \$5 10, @5 65, 2 at \$6 25 36, 8 at \$7 40@7 90, 2 at \$8@8 50, 4 at \$9 50@10 25, 5 at \$11@13 50, 4 at \$14 50@17, and 4 at \$18 50@23 00. NINTH-STREET-4 hhds at \$4@4 80, 10 at \$5@6 25, 4 at \$7 35@10, 5 at \$10 75@14 25, 4 at \$15 25@20 50, and 2 at

## STEAMBOATS.

For Clarksville and Nashville. BERMUDA, Evans, Master.

WEI leave as above WEO & DAY, the 5th instant, at 4 o'clock, P. M., POSITIVELY, from City Wharf. For freight or passage apply on board or to CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents, ap-2t

For Clarksville and Nashville. For Clarksville and American BERMUDA, Evans, Master, BERMUDA, Evans, Master, Will 1 are as above WEDNESDAY, the 5th inst., at 4 P. M., POSTIVELLY, from the City Wharf, For freight or passage apply on board or to MOORHEAD & CO., Agents, Wall street.

For Clarksville and Nashville. BERMUDA, Evans. Master, the 5th st, at 4 o clock P. M., POSITIVELY, from the City har'. For freight or passage apply on board or to ap4-2t.

For Clarksville and Nashville. BERMUDA, Evans, Master,
Will leave as above WEDNESDAY, the 5th
inst., at 4 o clock P. M., POSITIVELY, from the City
Wharf. For treight or passag apply on board or to
FHERLEY, WOOLFOLK & CO., Agents,
Wall street.

PASSENGER STEAMER RUTH, GEO.

Pegram, commander, O. L. Smith, clerk; will run regularly between St. Louis, C-iro and New Orleans during the present year, and her departure from the different points will be published in due time. This magnificent steamer is thuished, the largest ever constructed in the west, has been specially appointed throughout regardless of cost, for the accommediation of passensers. Every approved invention has been adopted for safety, while ample power has been given to in-ure speed, thus offering to the traveling public unequalled inducements for safety, comfort and speed, with the attivition of experienced and gentlemanty officers. T. M. ERWYIN, and MOGREHEAD & CO., Louisville, Ky., agents.

1865. Ho! for the Gold Mines, 1865. THR UGH BILLS OF LADING GIVEN MONTANA AND IDAHO TRANSPOR-TATION LINE, To Virginia City. Banneck City, Deer Lodge, and all Points in the Mining Districts.

THE NEW AND LIGHT-DRAUGHT DAVID WATTS, JOS. JOHNSON, Master, H. C. MEYERS, Clerk,

Will leave for FT. BENTON and all intermediate points On Tuesday, April 11th, at 5 P. M., Positively For freight or passage apply on board, or to SHERLEY WOOLFOLK & CO., Wall street, Louisville, or JOHN G. COPELLN, St. Louis. Madison, Carrollton and Kentucky River Packet.

Will leave as above every MONDAY
WEUNSDAY and FRIDAY at 3P. M. from the City
Wharl. Returning she leaves Cedar Lock every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SUNDAY. For freight or passag- apply on board. U. S. Mail Line for Cincinnati

MORNING BOATS.
GEN. LYTLE and GEN. BUELLLeave Daily at 11 A. M., from wharf-boat
foot of Third street.

1865. 1865 Louisville and Henderson

U.S. MAILBOATS, For Owensboro', Evansville and Henderson, counceting at Evansville with the CAIRO AND EVANSVILLE PACKETS. The new and light draught steamers MORNING STAR and STAR GREF E-GLE will leave every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

ALL FREIGHTS AND PASSENGERS MUST BE AT the Portland whisit before 5 o clock P. M., as the bosts will not be delayed after that time under any circumstances. Letters, bills of lading, packages, &c., must be left with the Agents, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, before 2 o'clock P. M., J. H. BUNCE, Sup't. NOTICE.

CLAIM ACENCY.

Important to Soldiers and their Families.

THE SANITARY COMMISSION

Soldiers and their Families

PENSIONS, PAY, BOUNTY, dec.,

In the Collection of

Without charge to Claima OFFICE---Fifth St., near Main, LOUISVILLE, KY.

ADDRES3

H. H. Burkholder, CLAIM AGENT Sanitary Commission mh13-eodtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

### CO-PARTNERSHIP.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVE ASSOCIATED W 2. THE UNDERSHIPED HAVE ASSOCIATED
Outselves together under the name and style of
HOTCHINGS, DUNCAN & CO. for the purpose of conducting a WHOLESALE GROCERY AND COMMISSION
BUNINESS, and hope, by prompt attention to business, to
merit a liberal portion of the patronage.

DAVID B. HUTCHINGS,
J. A. 1 UNCAN,
W. W. FRAZER,
BEN. C. WEAYER.

OAVID B. HUTCHINGS,
Of Logan County, Ky.
W. FRAZER,
Late Frazer & O'Brien. Late with Huffman & Duncan. HUTCHINGS, DUNCAN & CO. WHOLESALE GROCERS

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Leaf Tobacco & Country Produce, North Side Main St., bet. 7th and Sth, LOUISVILLE, KY. Strict attention paid to the sale of Bacon, Lard, Por Wheat, Flour and Whisky. Orders and consignments scited.

JEWELRY.

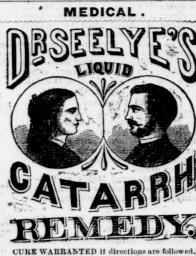
J. J. HIRSCHBUHL Watchmaker JEWELLER,

No. 233 Main Street, one door above Third, LOUISVILLE, KY. MILITARY GOODS, AS SWORDS, SABRES, PIS-tols, Military Trimmings, &c.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS Music Boxes, all sizes; Jewelry, of latest styles; Ladies' & Gent's Watches; Silver and Plated Ware;

> J. J. HIRSCHBUHL'S JEWELRY STORE,

No. 233 Main st., one door above Third.



Single bottle will last a month-to be used three time

# SYMPTOMS.

The Symtoms of Catarrh are at first very slight. Persons find they have a cold, then they have frequent attacks, and are more sensitive to the changes of tempera-ture. In this condition, the nose may be dry, or a slight discharge, thin and acrid, afterward thick and adhesiv

As the disease becomes chronic, the discharges are in creased in quantity and changed in quality; they are now thick and heavy, and are hawked or coughed off. The se-cretions are offensive, causing a bad breath; the voice thick and nasal; the eyes are weak; the sense of smell is lessened or destroyed; deafness frequently takes place.

Another common and important symptom of Catarrh is that the person is obliged to clear his throat in the morning of a thick or slimy muceus, which has fallen from the head during the night. When this takes place the person may be sure that his disease is on it's way to the langs, and should he se no time in arresting it.

The above are but few of the many Catarrhal symptoms

Write for our pamphlet describing fully all symptoms; it will be sent FREE to any addre Call for SEELYES CATARRH REMEDY and take no

DR. D. H. SEELYE & CO.,

FREEPORT, ILLINOIS. DR. SEELYE'S

BRONCHIAL SYRUP

AN UNFAILING REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT HOARSENESS, AND IBRITATION OF THE BRONCHIAL TUBES OR LUNGS, TICK-LING IN THE THROAT, AND UNOUP.

The s'rup is especially beneficial in affections of the Throat and Bronchial Tubes, caused by Catarrh, greatly assisting in its permanent cure when used in connection with the remedy. If taken in time it never fails to cure Being agreeable to the teste, safe for children, speedy in s effects, giving strength to the voice and lungs, it will on find its way into every family in the land. Price,

DR. D. H. SEELYE & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS FREEPORT, ILL.
WILSON & PETER, WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR KENTUCKS Sold at retail by druggists everywhere, feb20-eodtf

# ENGINEERING.

Landscape, Gardening and Come tery Engineering. BENJAMIN GROVE Topographical and Cemetery En-

Dineer.

TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEYS AND PLANS MADE
L tor Bural Cemeteries, Public Parks, Pleasure Grounds,
Suburban Gardens, etc. All designs staked and laid on
according to plaus, and superint ndence given when requied. Address BENJAMIN GROVE,
[heb/1-cod/2014]

REMOVAL. REMOVAL.—THE ROOM OCCUPIED BY ME FOR years under the Louisville Hotel, has been converted into a sitting room. I have, therefore, fitted up a cigar stand in the hall of the Louisville Hotel, where I will be happy to see my old friends and enstoracts. I will continue to keep on hand, as heretofore, a large stock of IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC CICARS of the very best brands for sale at wholesale and retail at the dowest markets prices.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

J. M. DAVIS & CO., Commission Merchants And Wholesale Dealers in

OCERIES, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, 627 Main St., between Sixth and Seventa,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WOODRUFF & CO., Wholesale Grocers COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Tobacco Factors Wines, Liquors & Cigars, No. 317 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth, ja24 3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO. GENERAL Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Ho. 428 Main Street,

A SENTS for different brands of Ping Tobseco, Flour A Raw and Bourbor Whiskyr also for Champagne an Byarkling Catawba Wines. A. H. & W. O. GARDNER,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 418 Main st., bet. 4th and 5th, I door above Citizens' B'k

LOUISVILLE, KY.

J. C. RODGERS & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS,

Salt and Coal. No. 330 Main Street, bet. Second and Third, LOUISVILLE, KY. Refer by Permission to R. M. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier First National Bank. J. B. SMITH, Vice President Board of Trade. Dr. D. J. GRIFFITHS, Examining Surgeon U. S. Army. ja2/tf

LEAF AND MANUFACTURED TOBACCO AGENCY WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE PREsented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "THE PLANTERS' NATIONAL BANK O'S
LOUISVILLE," in the City of Louisville, in the County
of Jefferson and State of Kentucky, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of,
congress, antited "an act to provide a National currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and toprovide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has compiled with all the provisions of said act required to be compiled with before commencing the busin-ss of banking under said act.

Now, therefore, I, Hugh WcCuliough, Comptroller
the Currency, do hereby certafy that "the Planters
National Bank of Louisville," in the City of Louisville, in
the County of Jefferson and State of Kentucky, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the
act aferesaid. GEO. W. WICKS, 315 Main Street, Louisville, Kentucky,

TOBACCO AGENT AND COMMISSION MERCHANT. GEO. W. WICKS,

(Successor to Nock, Wicks & Co.) TOBACCO AGENT AND General Commission Merchant. No. 315 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY. Agent for the sale of Maysville, Ky., COTTOI YARNS, TWINE, &c. ABNER COOPER, COMMISSION MERCHANT

Butter, Cheese and Western Produce, to. 314, Malu, between Third and Fourth sta. Clash paid for Feathers, Lard, White Beans, Drice Fruits, Ginsong and Beeswax.

RAILROADS. LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

TWO DAILY TRAINS LEAVE NEW ALBANY, opposite Louisville: 1 opposite Louisville:
9:30 A. M. Chicago Express, daily (Sundays at Mitcheli for St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, St. Joseph Leavenworth, Kansas City, and all points West; also a Green Castle and Lafayette for Terrs Hante, Mattoon Atton, Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville, Quincy, and all points in central Illinois, and at Michigan City for Detroit, Chicago, and all points Northwest. troit, Chicago, and all points Northwest.

9:20 P. M. St. Louis and Cairo Night Express, daily, making direct connections for all points West and Northwest, and for Cincinnat and all Eastern Cities.

Only one change of cars to St. Lou's, Chicago and Cincinnatia Baggage, checked through from the Hotels.

For further information and through tickets apply the office of the Company, southwest corier Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky. Office open Sundays from 5to 70 clock P. M.

B. F. MASTEN, Sup't.

mhl4-d3m

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE 

RAILROAD.

OFFICE, ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, LOUIS-ville, March 20, 1865.

ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—I will purchase in open market at the Government Stables at Louis-ille, Ky, all horses offered suitable for artillery purposes, which fill the following specifications: Artillery horses must be of dark colors, sound in all particulars, strong, quick and activ, well broken and square trotters in harness, in good flesh and condition, from (6) sax to (10) ten years old, not I so than (15½) fifteen and a half hands high, each horse to weigh not less than (1052) ten hundred and fifty pounds Price paid (\$175) one hundred and seventy-five dollar.

By order of Brew. Brig. Gen. James A. Ekin, in charge of First Division, Quartermayter General's office.

mar2-35t Julin T. Allen, Capt. and A. Q. M. Change of Time. ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, OCT. 9, 1864, TRAINS will leave the Depot, corner of Minth and Broad-5 A. M. THEOUGH FREIGHT TRAIN FOR NASE. 7 A. M. MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAIN FOR Nashville, Bowling Green and Charkeville dealy 7:39 A. M. EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAIN FOR LEB-anon, Perryville, Danville, Harrodsburg, Campbellsville and Columbia daily, except Sunday. 7:50 P. M. FREIGHT TRAIN FOR LEBANON. 2 P. M. ACCOMMODATION TRAIN FOR BARDS-1 P. M. MAIL & PASSENGER TRAIN FOR NASH VILLE daily.

B. MARSHEL, sep19 dtf PACKING BOXES.

5.30 P. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN FOR NASH-

MUNROE & HATCH, (Successors to D. Goodwillie & Co.) Wholesale BOX MANUFACTORY High Street Planing Mill, near Twelfth St., LOUISVILLE, KY. Sawing, Re-Splitting, Planing, &c., Done

Promptly. olinited. Post-Office Box 527. oc12"dat JOB WORK.

# PRINTING & BINDING

OF EVERY DISCRIPTION DONE IN THE NEATEST

Requiring any description of Printing or Binding will please give us a call. Orders from abro d will be attended to with the same attention, promptness and prices as if parties were

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS

CIVILL & CALVERT, Publishers, Printers, Sta ioners, Binders and

mar29-eodtf MOLASSES-100 bbls prime New Orleans Molasses, new crop; In store and for sale by 166 tf D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

431 Main Street, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

LOUIS

NATIONAL BANKS.

Louisville City National Bank.

DIRECTORS:

THIS BANK IS NOW OPEN FOR THE TRANSAC-tion of a general Banking business.

For the present the office is at the Banking House of C.

N. Warren & Co., Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

A call of 50 per cent on the capital stock has been made
by the Directors, 25 per cent, payable list April and 25 per
cent, payable list May.

C. N. WARREN, President.

R S. MOXLEY, Cashier. C. N. WARREN, President.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK

Of Louisville,

DIRECTORS:

THIS BANK IS LOCATED FOR THE PRESENT AT

GEO. B. ALLISOV, Cashier.

Planters' National Bank.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE PRE

act aleresaio.

L.s. of office, this ninth day of Feb uary, 1865.

HUGH McCULLbOUGH,

febl4-d2m Comptroller of the Currency.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

aforesaid.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, witness my hand an { L.s. } seal of office this secon day of February, 1865.

HUGH McCULLOUGH,

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE PRE

VV sented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "the Louisville City National Fank," in the city of Louisville, in the County of Jefferson and State of Kentucky, has ben duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congr ss entitled, "as

etherky, has be'n duly organized under and according other equirements of the act of Congr. se entitled, "an act to provide a National currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has compiled with all the provisions of said act required to be compiled with before commencing the business of banking under said act.

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCullough, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereb, certify that "the Louisvike Cits National Bank," in the City of Louisvike, in the County of Jeffesson and State of Kentucky, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

{L. S.} of office this eighth day of : ebruary, lead.

Hugh McCultub Edit,
Comptroller of the Currency.

ARMY HORSES.

A SSI-TANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, LOUIS-

A SSI-TANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, LOUISville, Kv., March 29, 1865.

OAVALRY HORSES WANTED.—I will purchase in
open market at the Government Stables in Louisville,
Ky., all horses offered suitable for Cavalry purposes,
which fill the tellowing specificatiors: Cavalry horses
must be sound in all purticulars, well broken, in full
flesh and good condition, from (15) fifteen to (16) sixteen
hands high, from (5) five to (9) nine years old and well
adapted in every way to cavalry purposes. Horses between (9) bine and (10) ten years of age, if still vigorous,
sprightly and healthy, will be accepted. Price paid\* (165)
one hundred and six y-five dollars.

By order of firey. Briz. Gen. James A. Ekin, in charge
of first Div., Quartermaster General's Office.
marzl-36t. JOHN T. ALLEN, Oapt. and A. Q. M.

OIL WELL MACHINERY.

OIL WELL

TOOLS & MACHINERY

AM MANUFACTURING AND KEEP CONSTANT-ly on band Portable and Stationery Steam Engines, oring Tools, and other machinery used in boring for Oil

JULIUS BARBAROUX,

BILLIARD ROOM.

Great Western

BILLIARD ROOM

U.S. Hotel, Fourth & Jefferson sts.

- - - - Al sid viggue LOUISVILLE, KY.

Hydraulic Foundery and Machine Shop, LOUISVILLE, KY

feb14-60t

feb13 60t

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASAINGTON, Feb. 9, 1865.

JAMES BRIDGEFORD, V. R. BARTLETT, JAMES PARKHILL, S. S. BUSH, MOSES BROWN, W. G. DAVISON, WM. E. HUGHES.

C. N. WARREN, W. C. KENNEDY, J. B. O'BANNON, J. B. O'BANNON, THOS. E. WILSON

WEBER

# THEGREAT

THE DIRECTORS OF THE NATIONAL PIAN FORTE
Instruction take it is opportunity to announce to the the relative merits of the various panes which have been the relative merits of the various panes which have been the relative merits of the various panes which have been the relative means of the variety of the

WEBER PIANO FORTE

IS PRE-EMINENTLY THE BEST PIANO IN AMERICA.

And therefore not excell ed by any in the World. BOARD OF DEBETORS—1865.—Eiward Mollenhauer, Presidents; Jgo. C. White, Scoretary; J. E. Williams, Treasurer, ADVISGAY COMMITTEE.—S. B. Mills, Max Maretzek, Thomas, Robert Goldbeck, Similar testimonials regard C. Jerome Hopkins, Robt, Heller, Chas, Fradel, Fred. Bassford, Geo. F. Bristow, S. H. Outler, Emil Brandies,

TRIPP,

GAS FITTING.

PRACTICAL

AND PLUMBERS Medical College Building, Corner Fifth and Green Streets, Louisville, Ky. WATER PIPES, Hydrants, Hose, Bath Tubs, Shower Baths, Water Closets, Wash Stands, Force and Lift Pumps for Wells and Cistering, Sheet Lead, Lead and Iron Pipe. FINE ASSORTMENT OF GAS FIXTURES, BRASS WORK AND STRAM VALVES, JOBDing prompt-

TOBACCO WAREHOUSE. 

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO WAREHOUSE,

Corner Main and Tenth and Main and Ele LOUISVILLE, KY. Comes corner of Tenth street

KING & OWEN.

UNDERTAKERS. At the Old Stand, South-east corner Jef-

TO

HAVING THOROUGHLY CHANGED THE OLD the house and fitted it up for our business in a style heretofore unknown in this city, we will devote our time exclusively to the burial of the dead, for which purpose we will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

The Second National Bank I. C. SHULER & CO.'S Justi celebrated Air-tight Galvanized Wrought Iron Caskets and Cases, which for lightness, durability, style and finish, surpass anything before offered to the public. We also keep on hand CRANE, BREED & CO.'S and W. M. RAYMOND & CO.'S Metalic Burial Caskets and Cases. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Coffins and Coffin Mountings. All calls attended to promptly night or day, in the city or country, by one of the firm in per-son. TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, February 2d, 1865. OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, February 2d, 1856.

WHERRAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE PRESENT SENTED THE MARKET SET OF THE WASHINGTON FOR THE MARKET SET OF THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF LOUISVILLE," in the City of Louisville, in the County of Jefferson and State of Kentucky, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 184, and has compiled with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said Act.

Now, therefore, I, flush McCullough, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Second National Bank of Louisville," in the City of Louisville, in the County of Jefferson and State of Kentucks, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the Act aforesaid.

KING & OWEN. W. WYATT. UNDERTAKER s. w. cor seventh & jefferson sta.,

KEPS constantly on hand a complete assertment of A. Crane, Breed & Co.'s Latest Improved Patent ME-TALLIC BURIAL CASES AND CASKETS. Wooden ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO DAY OR NIGHT.

N. B. Having had the contract, since the commencement of the war, for the burial of Deceased Soldiers, I am enabled to keep a complete register of the name, company regiment and hospital of all deceased soldiers in and about Louisville, Ky.

Relatives and friends can receive any information desired by addressing me at my office.

I keep constantly on hand metallic and zinc cases for shipping prompt.

FUEL. Pomeroy Coal.



East side Third Street, near Main. Wholesale retail dealer in the best quality of

ORDERS BY RAILEOAD AND COUNTRY WAGONS

PROFESSIONAL.

BEN. H. BRISTOW., JOHN FELAND, BRISTOW & FELAND, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Will give prompt their attention to all business entrue their care. LIVERY STABLE.

Livery and Sale Stable. THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING BOUGHT THE LIV ery and Sale Stable of W. R. Link, on Second, between Main and Market (Hear the Galt House), would respect-fully announce to the public that they hope, by strict at-tention to business, to merit a liberal share of public atronage. Horses and Buggies and Saddle Horses for Hiro. Horses kept by the day, week or month. Special attention given to the Purchase and Sale of Special attention given to the Purchase and Sale of Borses and Mules.

WANTED.—1,000 Horses and Mules, for which the highest market price will be paid.

COUNSYLLE, KY., October 27, 1864.

BREWERY.

BEER ALE WM. PADDON & SON.

BREWERS OF PURE

XX AND XXX. Pale, Amber, Stock and Bitter

ALES AND BEER. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO SHIPMENTS. CITY BREWERY, SIXTH ST., WEST SIDE, BET. MAIN & WATER, LOUISVILLE, KY.

(Late Tripp & Cragg) SOLE AGENT, No. 321 Fourth st., Louisville

CARR & RYAN.

GAS AND STEAM FIFTERS

PHELPS, CALDWELL & CO.

HAVE ample room for storage and all the molitiles to making quick sales and prompt returns. a25dzr

UNDERTAKING.



ferson and Third streets.

son.
Thesenior partner of this house has the exclusive agency for the sale of I. C. SHULER. CO.'S Castets and Cases in the Eastern Division of Kentucky, commencing at the mouth of Salt River (excepting some three or four counties where they are now sold,) and is prepared to furnish Undertakers with them by calling at our office, corner Third and Jeffersons streets.

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